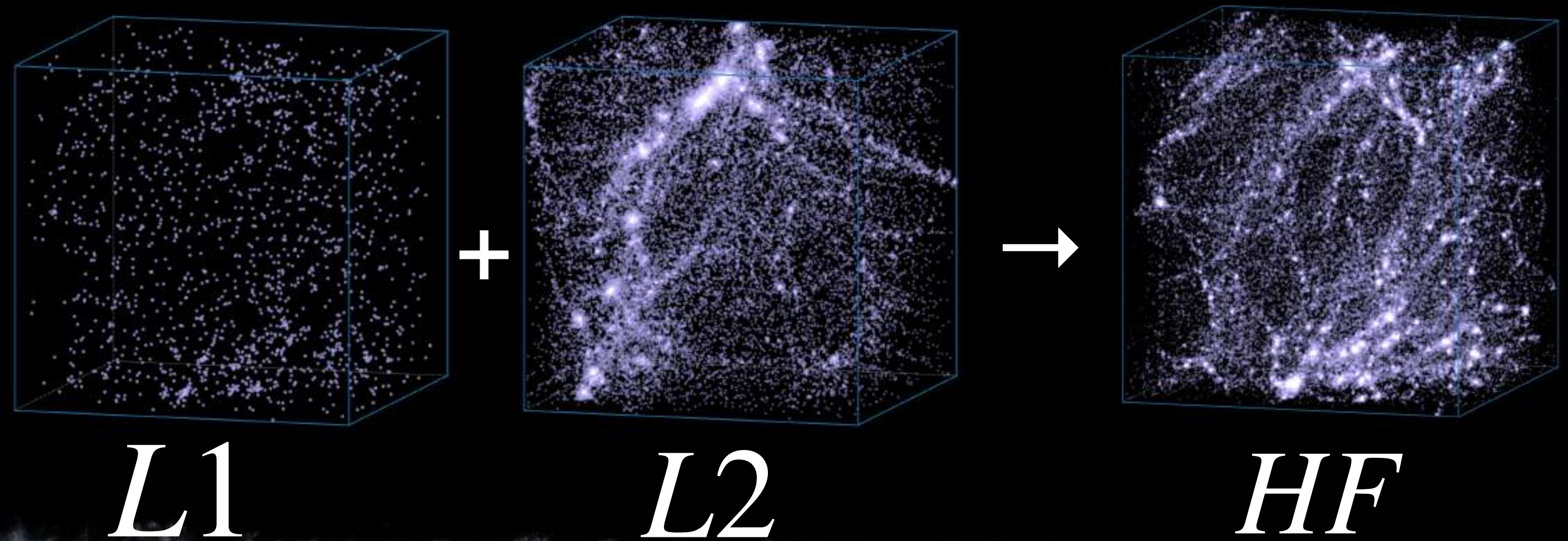


MF-Box: Multi-fidelity and multi-scale emulation, and PRIYA's large *Lya* emulator using Astrid simulations

Ming-Feng Ho
UC Riverside
NASA FINESST FI
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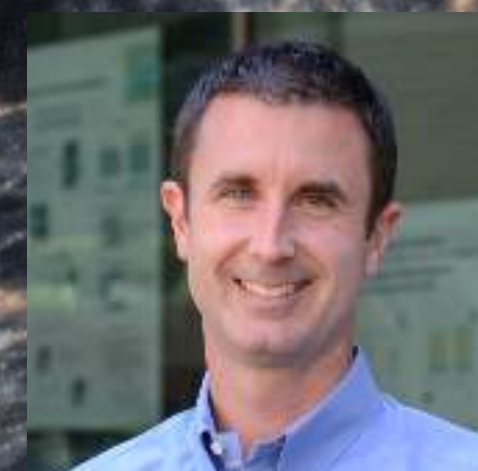
MF-Box (arXiv:2306.03144)
PRIYA (arXiv:2306.05471)



Simeon Bird
(UCR Astro)



Martin A. Fernandez
(UCR Astro → CSU
climate science)



Christian Shelton
(UCR CS)



Pippi Longstocking, created by Astrid Lindgren

Astrid simulation collaboration:

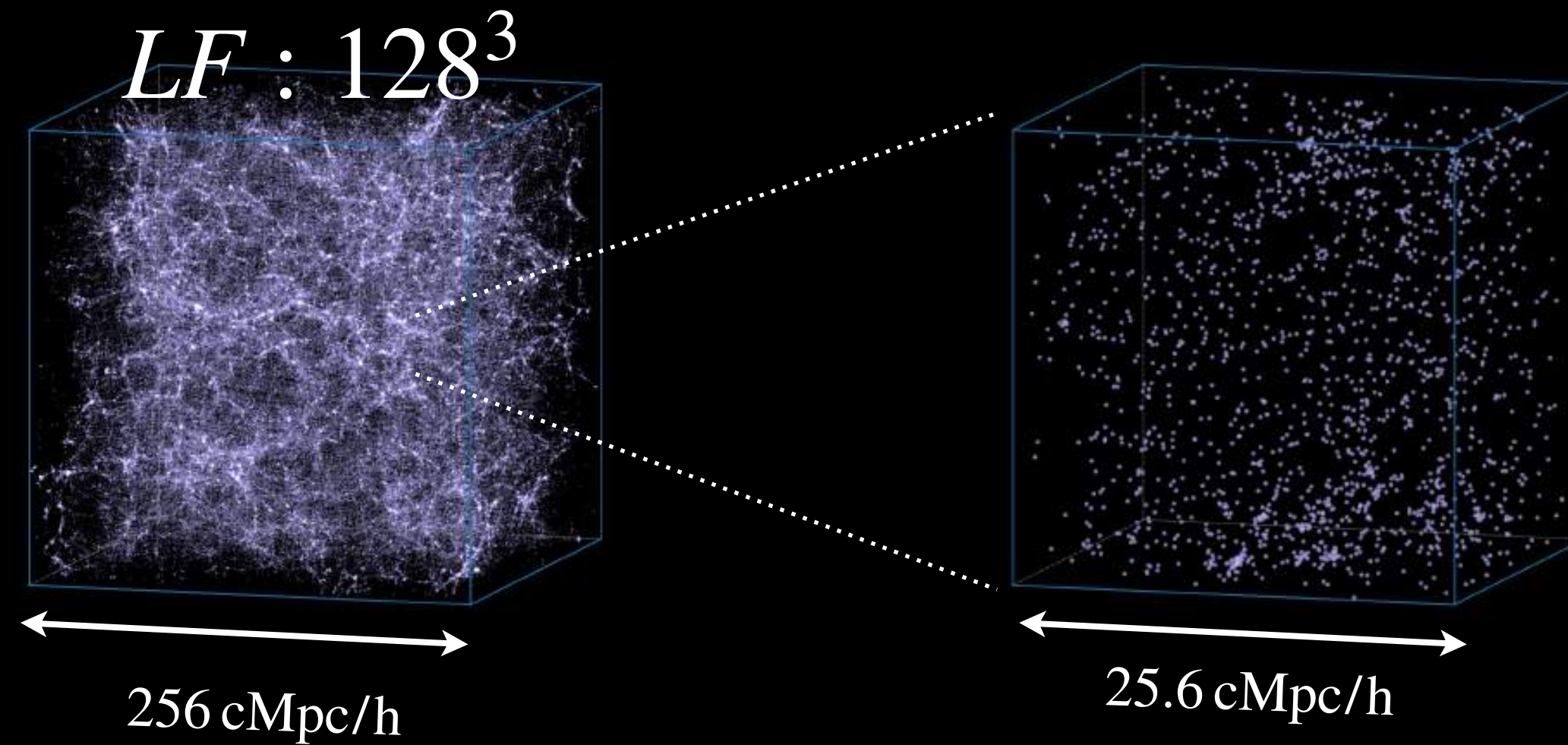
Yueying Ni (CfA), Nianyi Chen (CMU), Patrick Lachance (CMU), Xiaowen Zhang (CMU), James Davies (Scuola Normale Superiore), Mahdi Qezlou (UCR), Yu Feng, Tiziana Di Matteo (CMU), Rupert Croft (CMU)

Need more small scales?

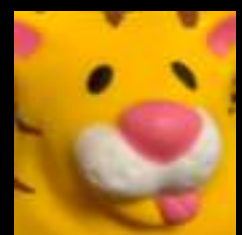
Common approach: Run higher resolution



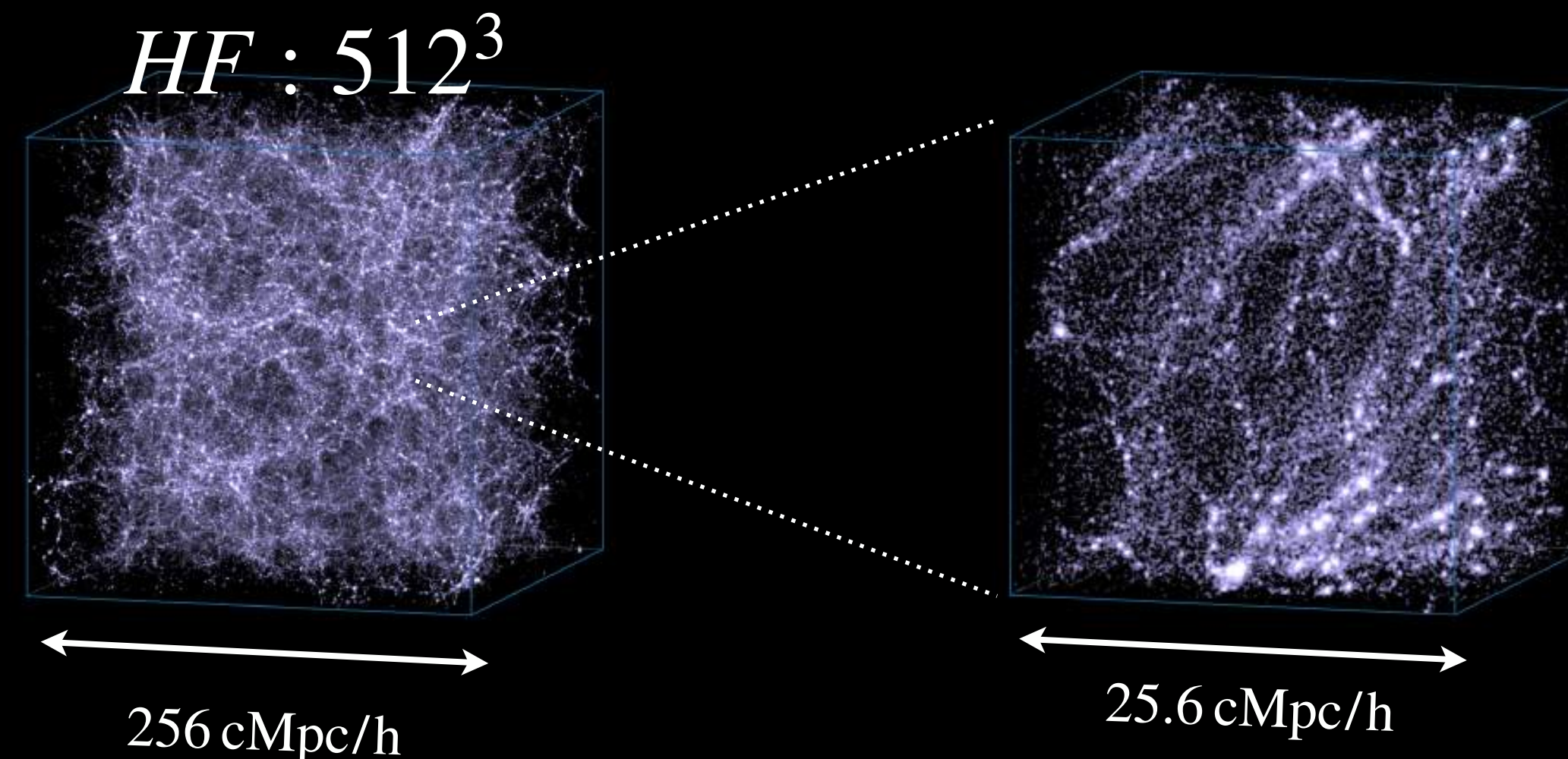
- Me: I can see lots of structures



- a lack of structure at small scales



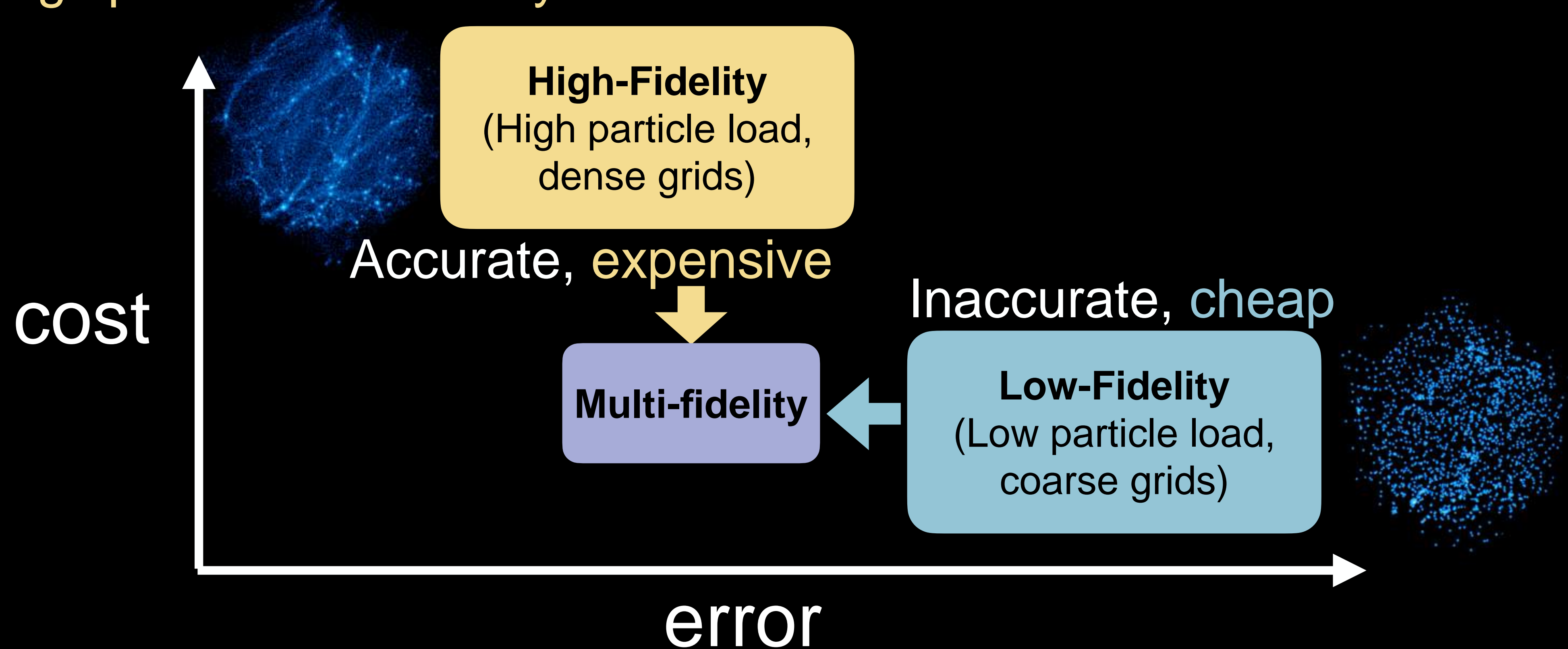
- Simulators say: Just increase resolution (more particles or denser grids)



- More small-scale structures
- You'll have almost the same information at large scales
- Simulators say: But be cautious, as you might hit the budget limitation for computation time. Increasing particle loads is proportional to $O(N \log(N))$

Multi-fidelity: The solution?

Balancing speed and accuracy



*Use tons of **Low-fidelity** to understand large scales,
Only a few of **High-fidelity** to refine information at small scales*

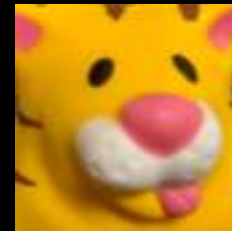
See Ho, Bird, Shelton (2022) on multi-fidelity matter power spectrum emulation

But, simulators usually take a shortcut

Simulators: Separating scales for efficiency



Me: Are the physics at large scales correct?

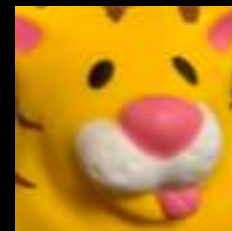


Simulators: no money/time. Just run a **large volume** low-quality test simulation.

- We can examine **large-scale** statistics in the test simulations. For example, matching linear theory at large scales.



Is my subgrid model at small scales correct?



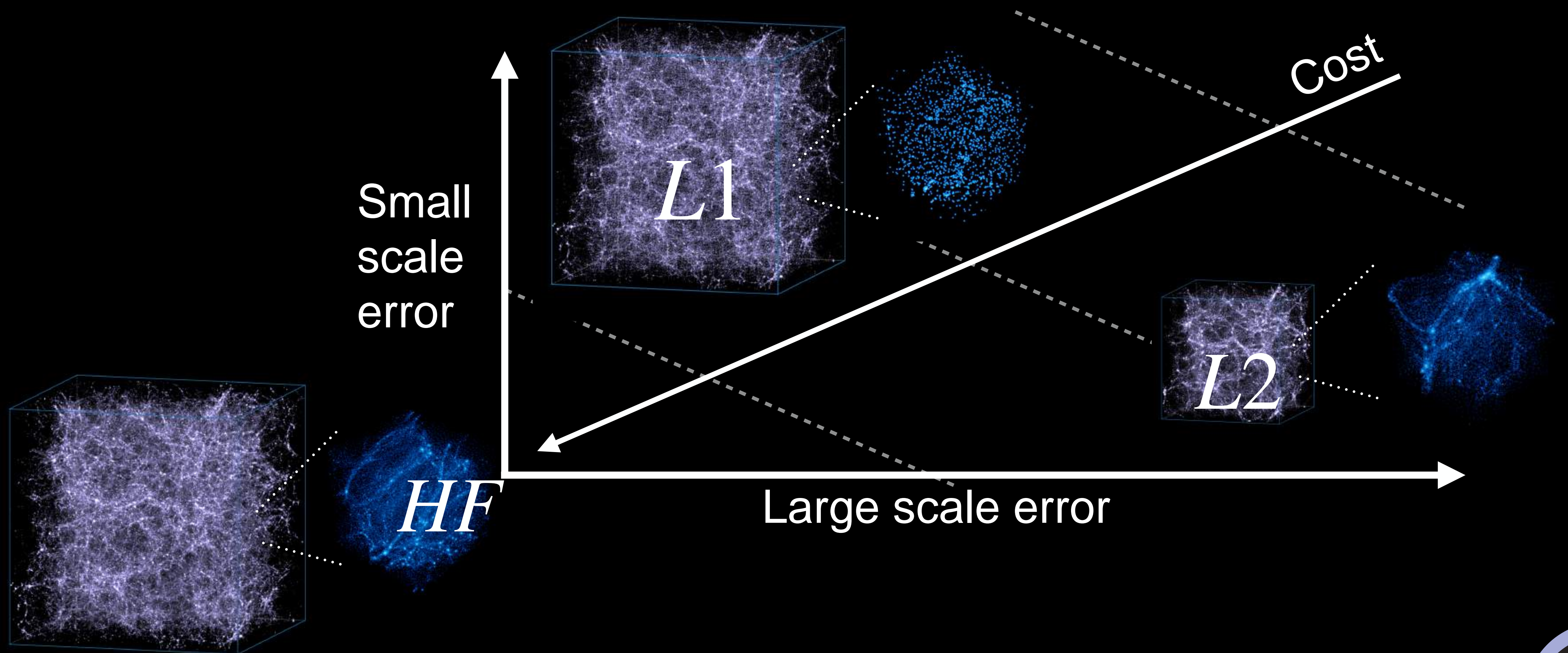
Simulators: no money/time. Just run a **small volume** low-quality test simulation.

- We can evaluate **small-scale** statistics in the test simulations. For example, tuning the stellar wind model by matching small-scale statistics.

- Question: How can we integrate this thought process into a coherent Bayesian model for future decision-making?

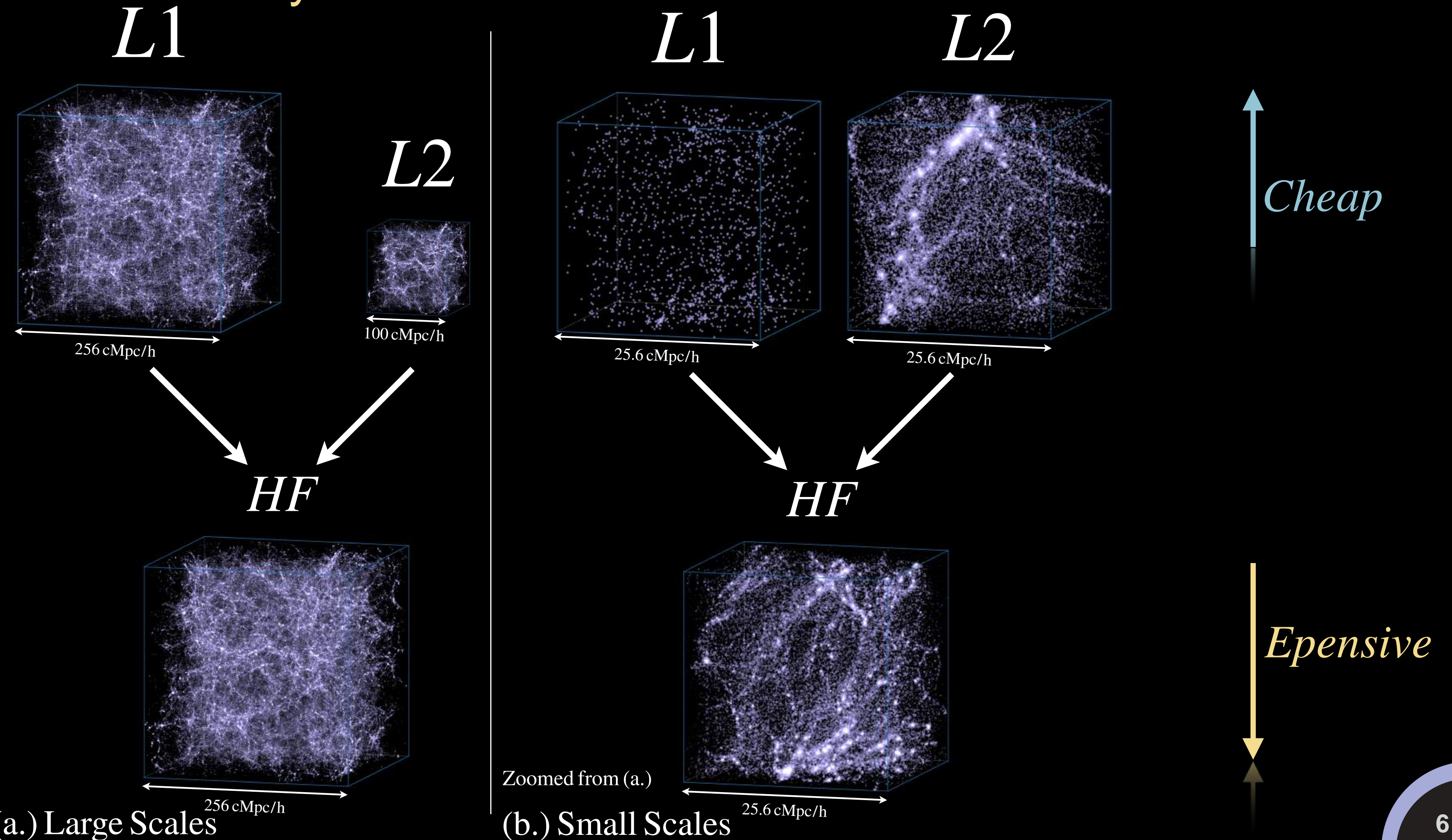
Multi-scale problem

Balancing different *scales*



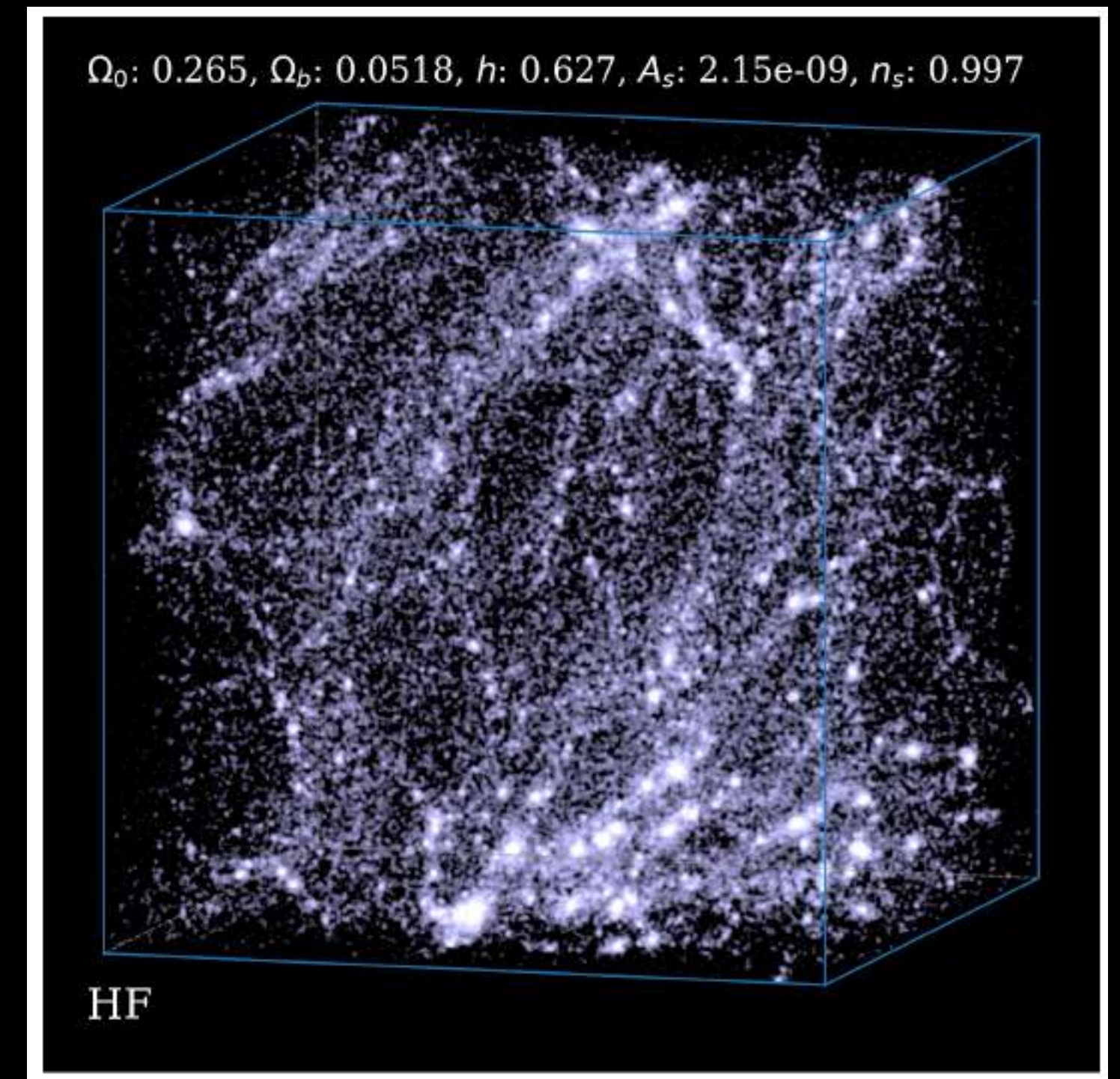
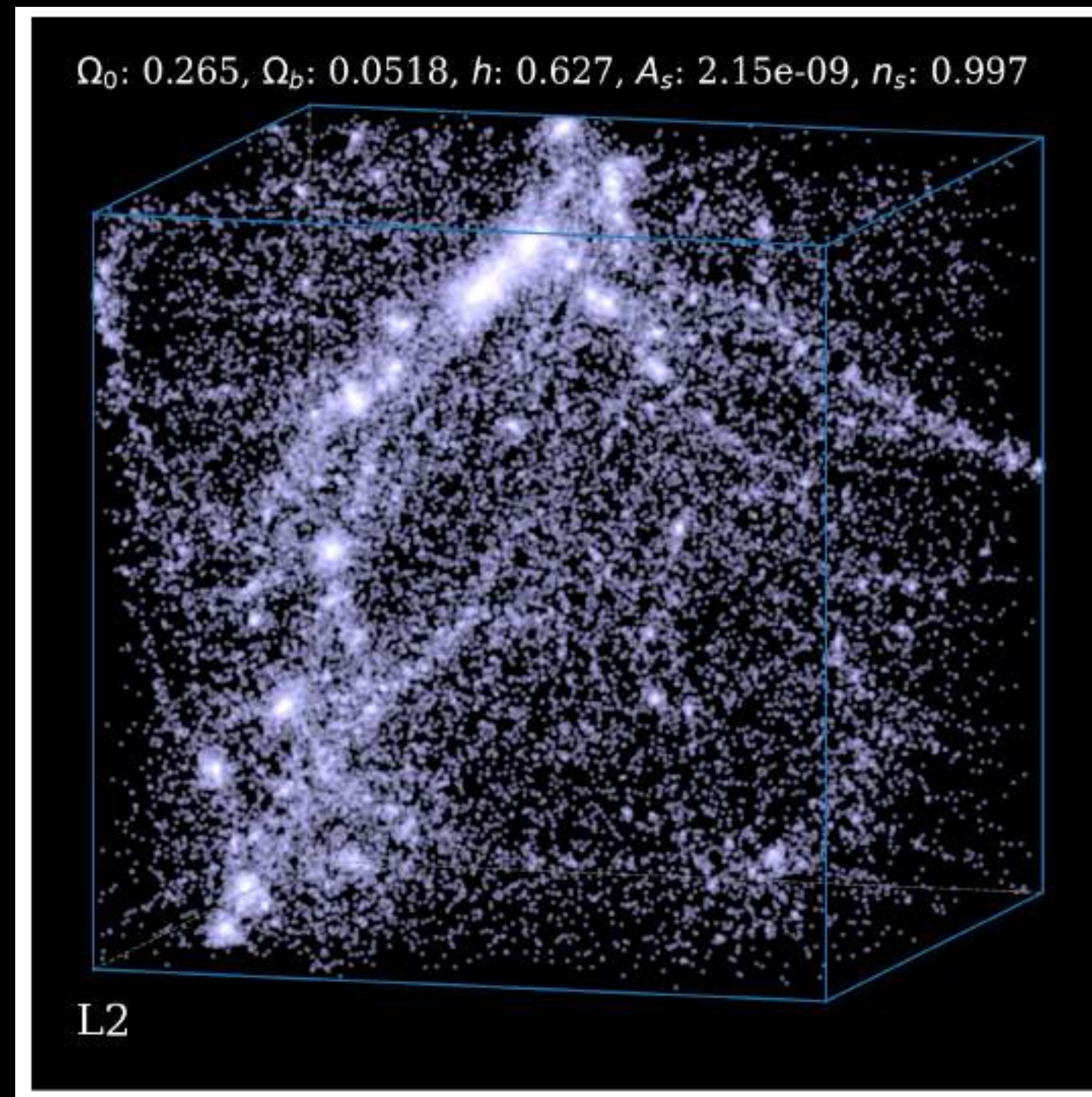
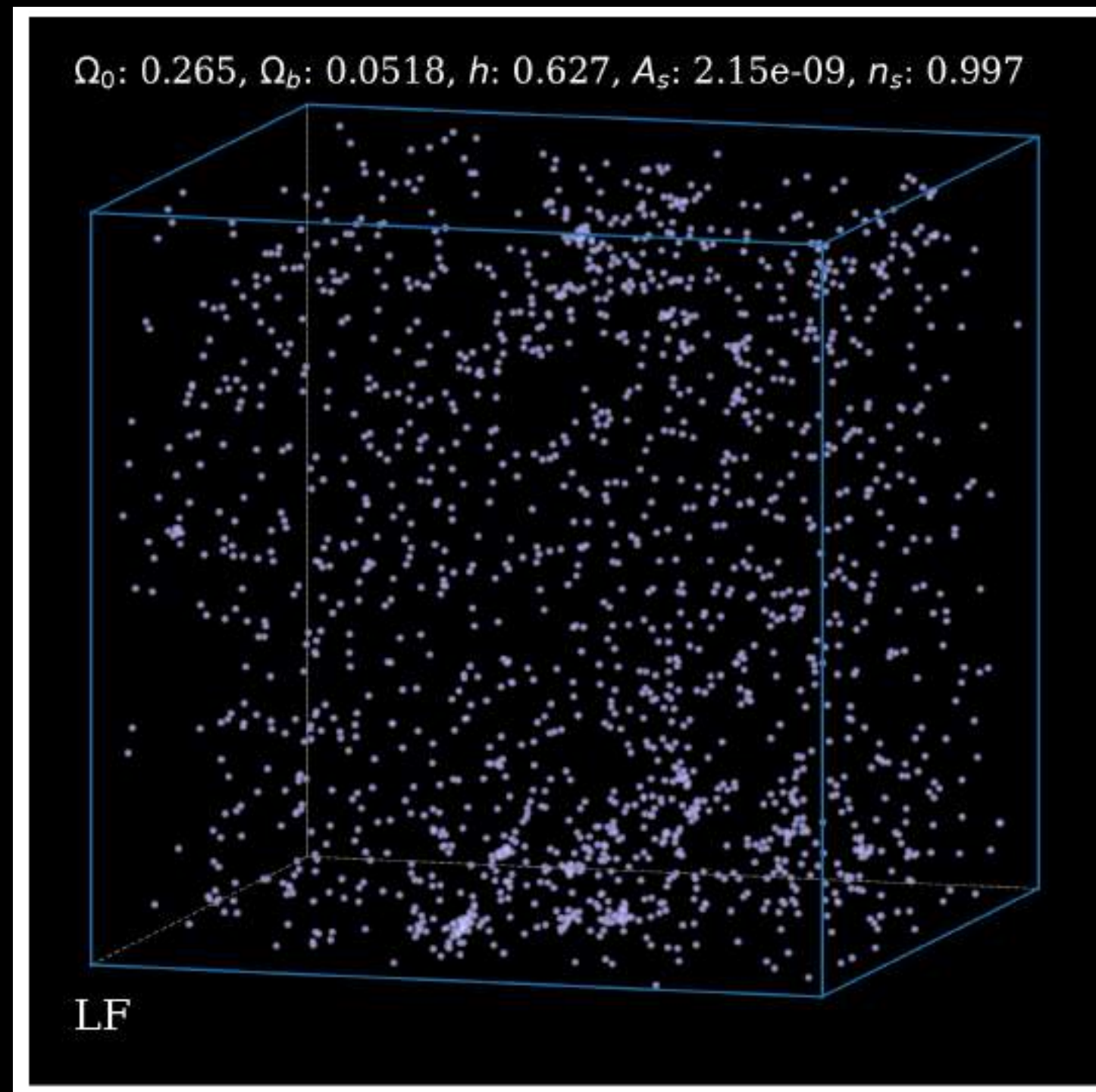
MF-Box: Multi-fidelity and multi-scale emulation

Combining scales in one Bayesian model



Interpolating cosmology with limited HF simulations

Simulations as a Bayesian model(θ , resolution, volume)

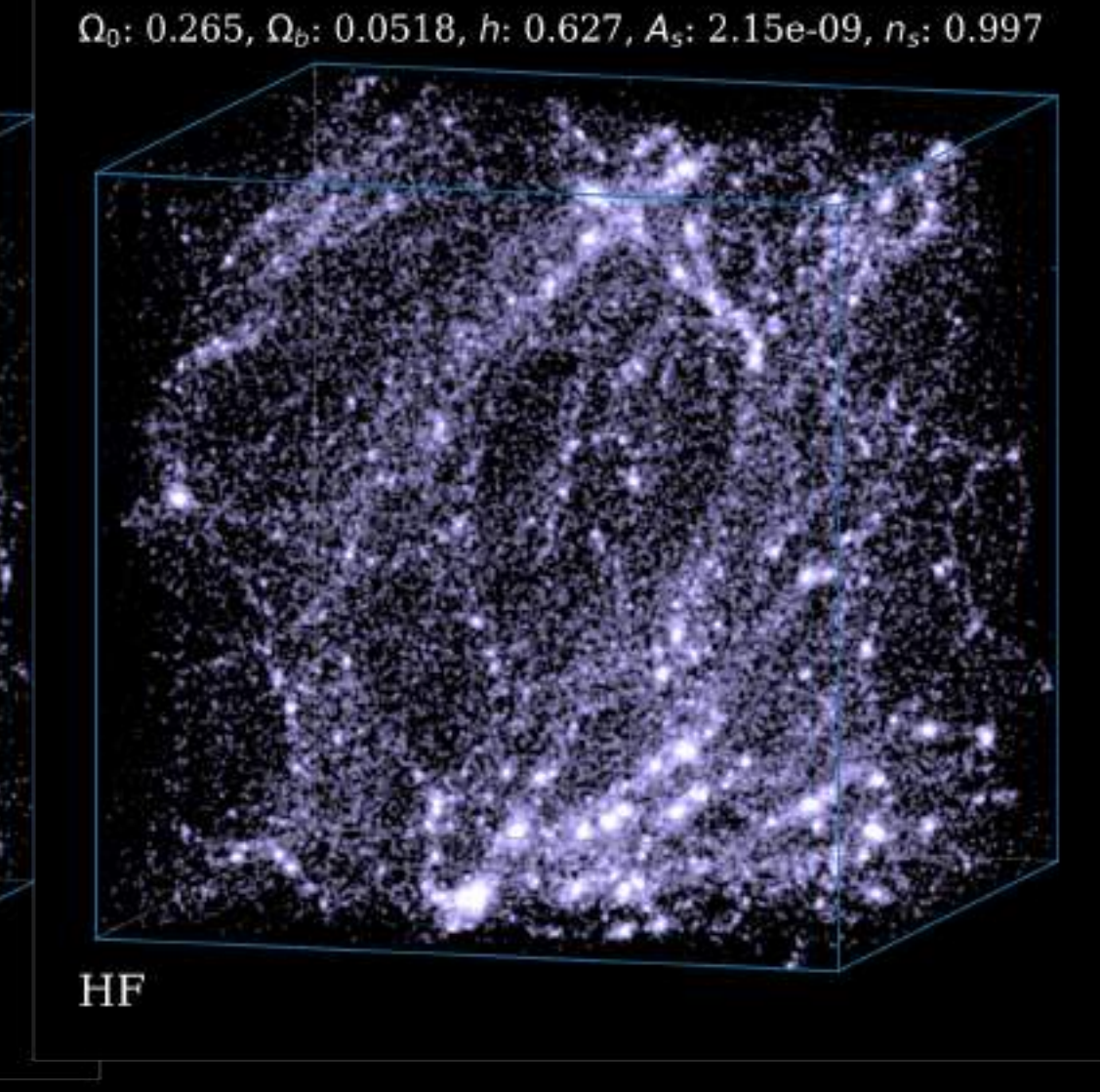
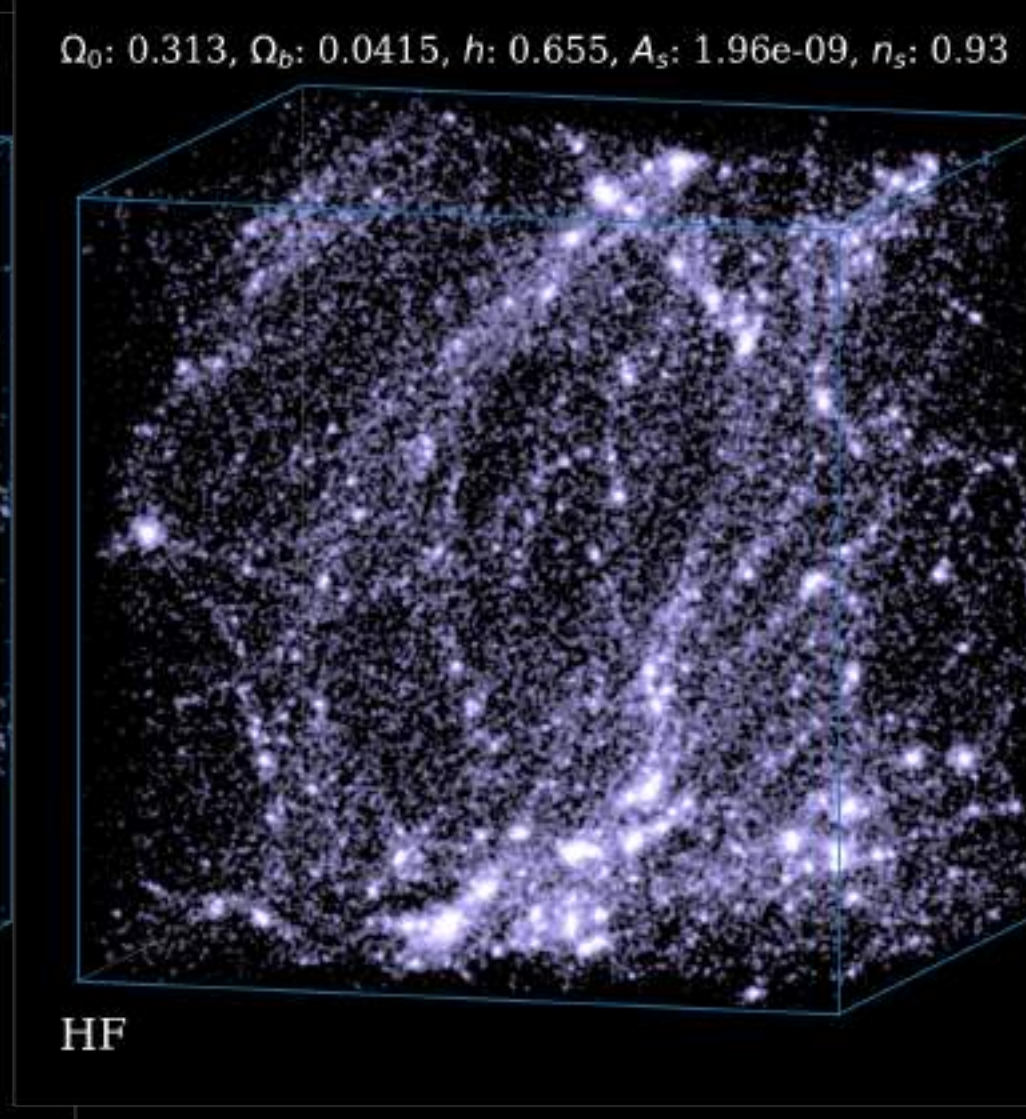
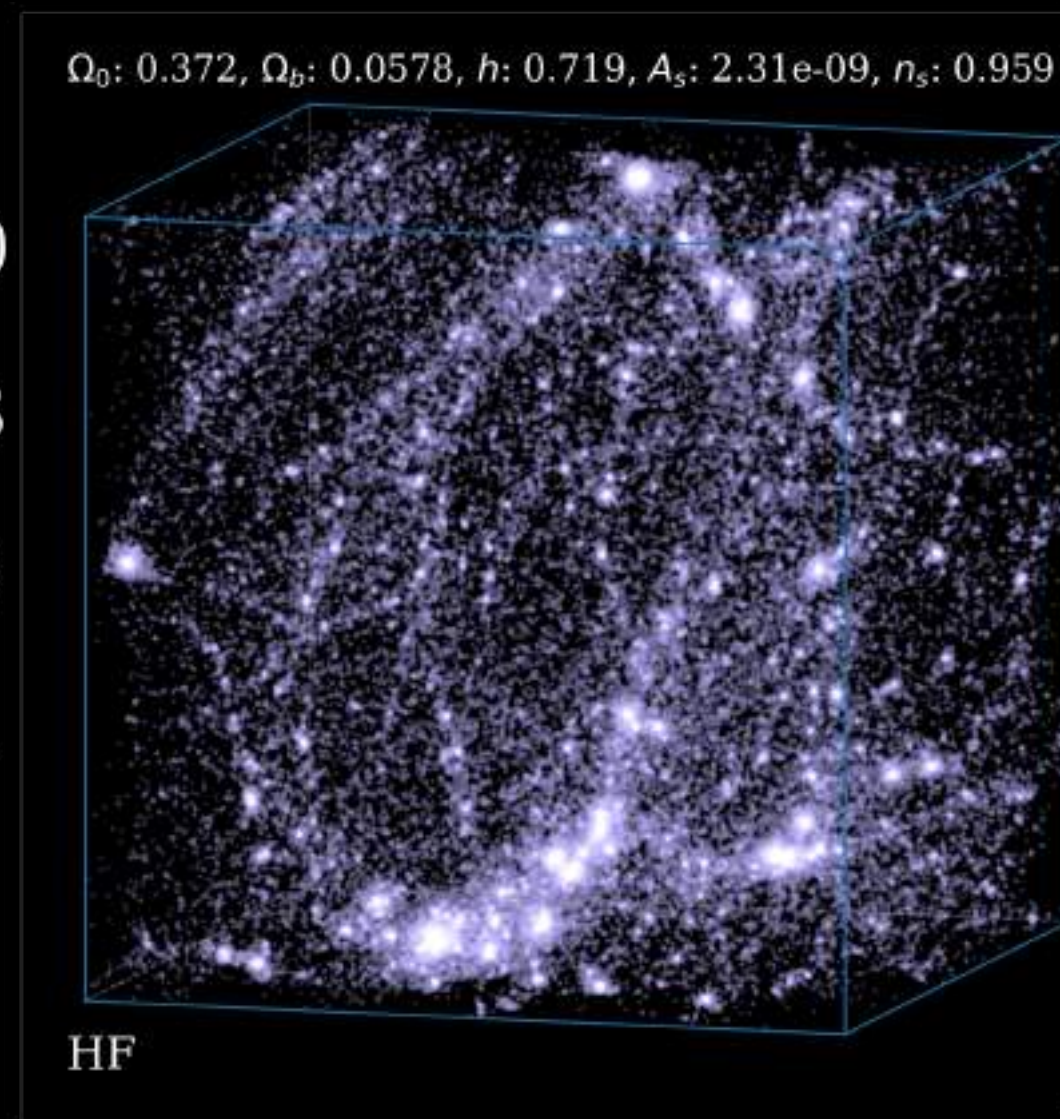
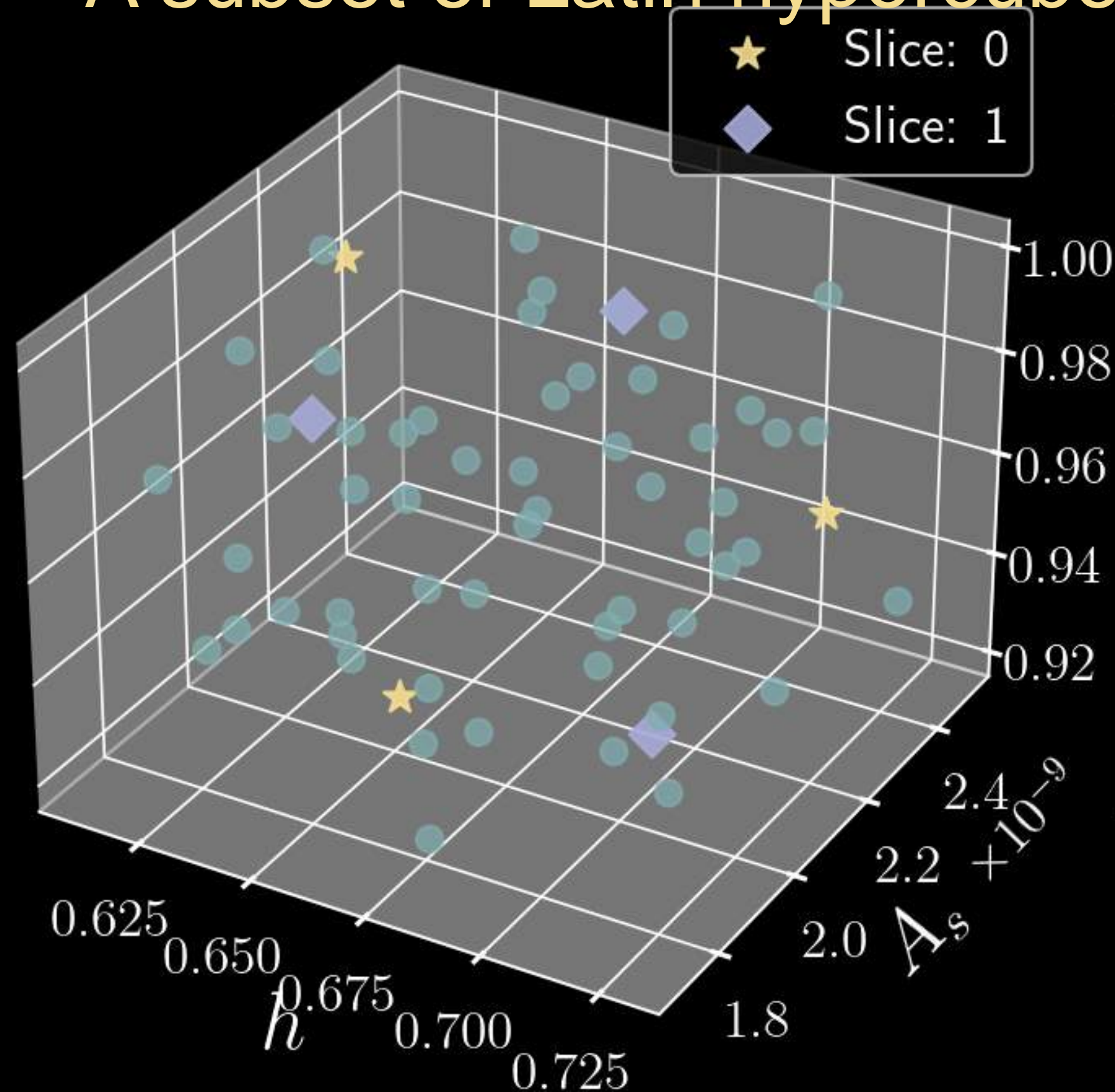


- Cheap information (L1, L2)

- Expensive information (HF)

Sliced Latin hyper cube (SLHD)

A subset of Latin hypercube that is space-filling



Slice 0 : $\theta_{\text{HF},0}, \theta_{\text{HF},1}, \theta_{\text{HF},2}$

Maximize the *diversity* within a subset

$$\begin{matrix} \theta_{\text{LF}} : \text{SLHD} \\ \theta_{\text{HF}} : \text{Slice}(s) \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \theta_{\text{HF}} \subset \theta_{\text{LF}}$$

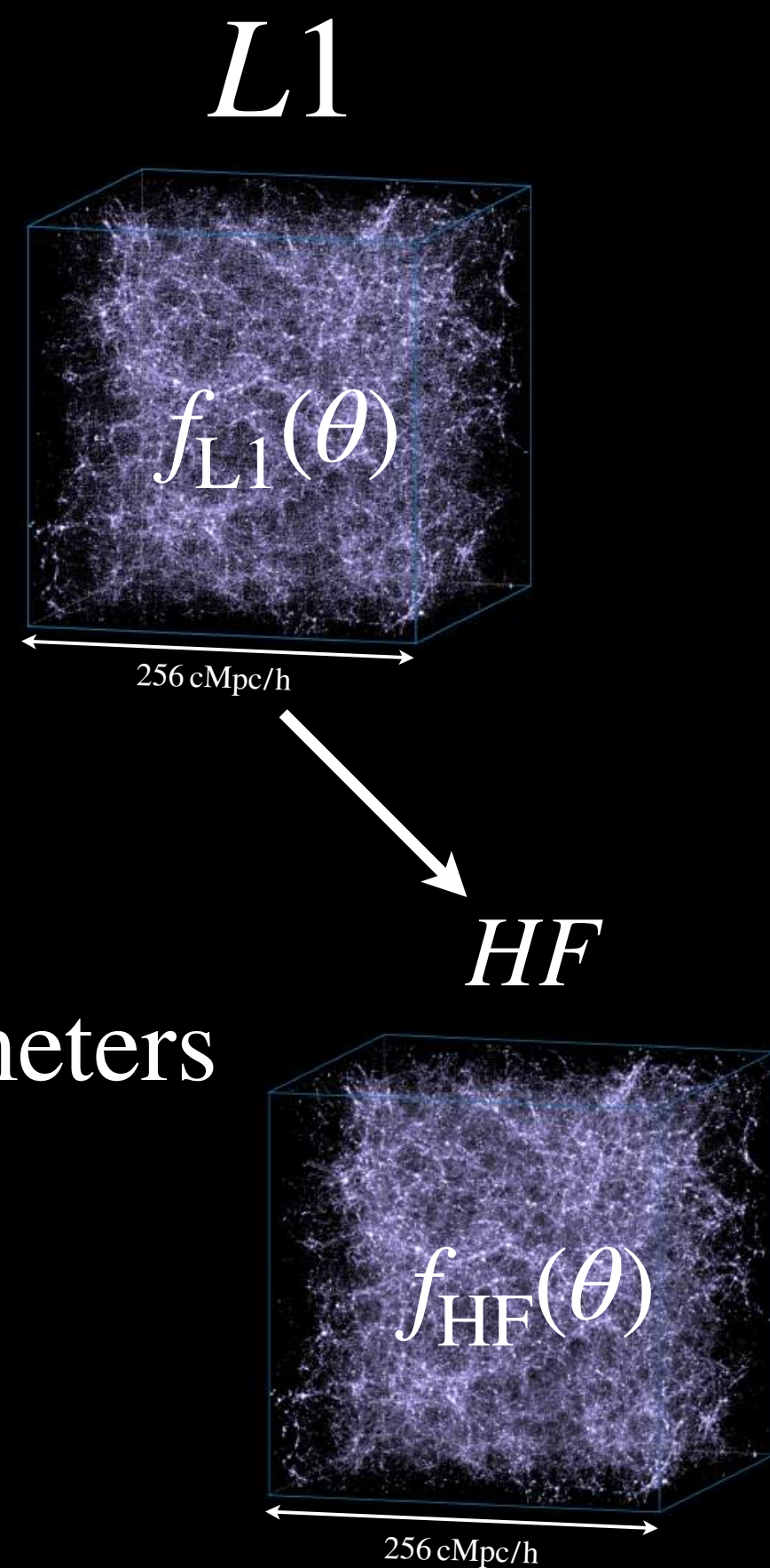
Probabilistic resolution correction with Gaussian processes

Comparing MFEmulator and MF-Box

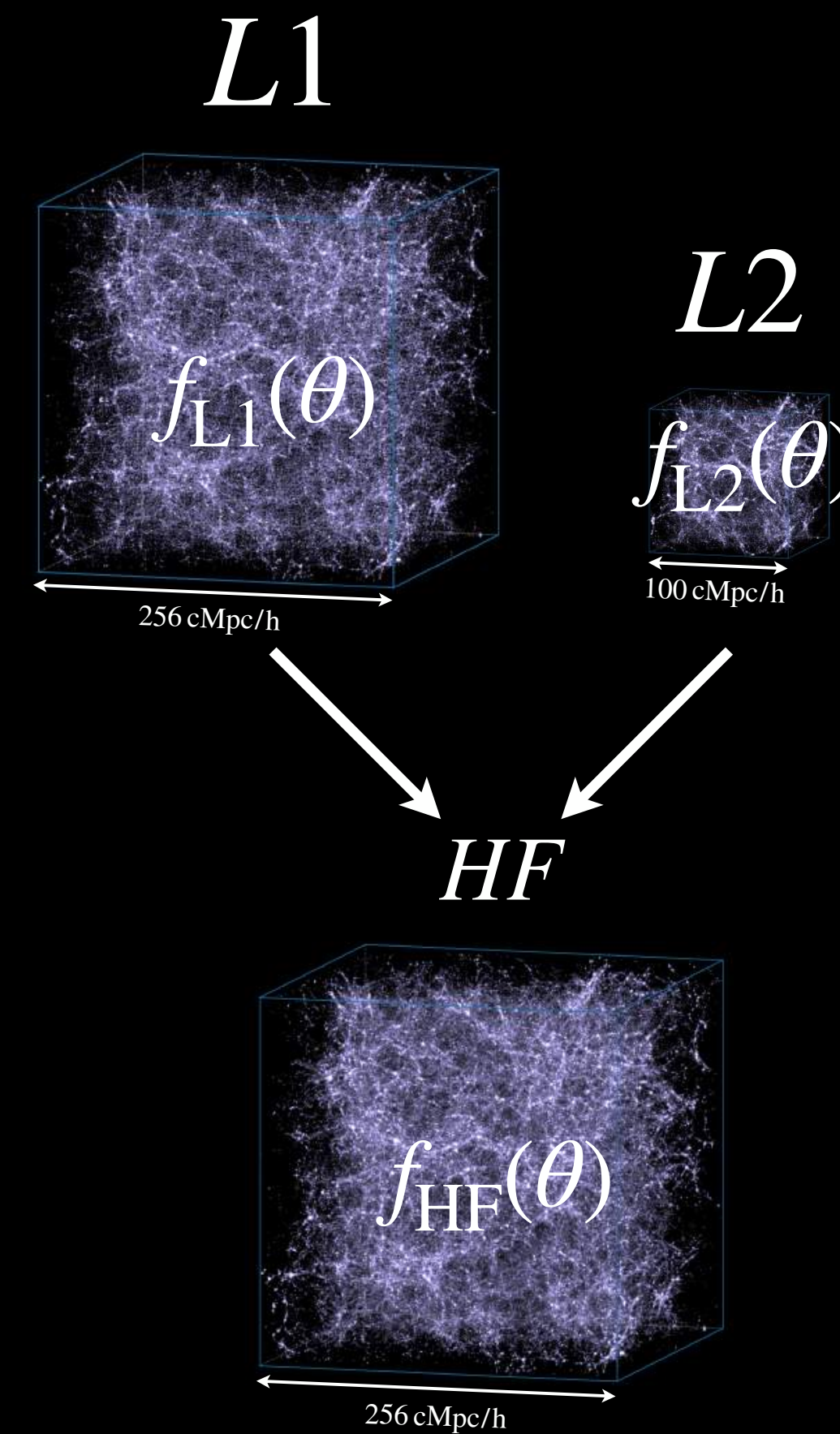
- Works for summary statistics
- GP requires minimal training/tuning time (almost effortless, just a click)

θ : simulation input parameters
 f : summary statistics

MFEmulator (Ho (2022))



MF-Box (Ho (2023))



Deep GP: $f_{HF}(\theta) = \rho(\theta, f_{L1}(\theta)) + \delta(\theta)$

$f_{HF}(\theta) = \rho(\theta, f_{L1}, f_{L2}(\theta)) + \delta(\theta)$

MF-Box as a decision-making tool

Optimizing computational budget allocation

- Objective: Maximize the accuracy of predicted summary statistics

$$\text{Emulator Error} \sim \mathcal{O}(\rho_{L1} \cdot n_{L1}^{-\frac{\nu_{L1}}{d}} + \rho_{L2} \cdot n_{L2}^{-\frac{\nu_{L2}}{d}} + n_{HF}^{-\frac{\nu_{HF}}{d}})$$

- Condition: Subject to a limited budget (C: Cost)

$$n_{L1} \cdot C_{L1} + n_{L2} \cdot C_{L2} + n_{HF} \cdot C_{HF} \leq C : \text{limited budget}$$

- Lagrangian, solving Karush–Kuhn–Tucker (KKT) conditions:

$$\mathcal{L}(n_{L1}, n_{L2}, n_{HF}, \lambda) = \eta(\rho_{L1} \cdot n_{L1}^{-\frac{\nu_{L1}}{d}} + \rho_{L2} \cdot n_{L2}^{-\frac{\nu_{L2}}{d}} + n_{HF}^{-\frac{\nu_{HF}}{d}}) + \lambda(n_{L1} \cdot C_{L1} + n_{L2} \cdot C_{L2} + n_{HF} \cdot C_{HF} - C)$$



$$\begin{aligned} n_{L1} &\propto \left(\frac{\nu_{L1} \rho_{L1}}{C_{L1}} \right)^{\frac{d}{\nu_{L1} + d}} \\ n_{L2} &\propto \left(\frac{\nu_{L2} \rho_{L2}}{C_{L2}} \right)^{\frac{d}{\nu_{L2} + d}} \\ n_{HF} &\propto \left(\frac{\nu_{HF}}{C_{HF}} \right)^{\frac{d}{\nu_{HF} + d}} \end{aligned}$$

ν : smoothness

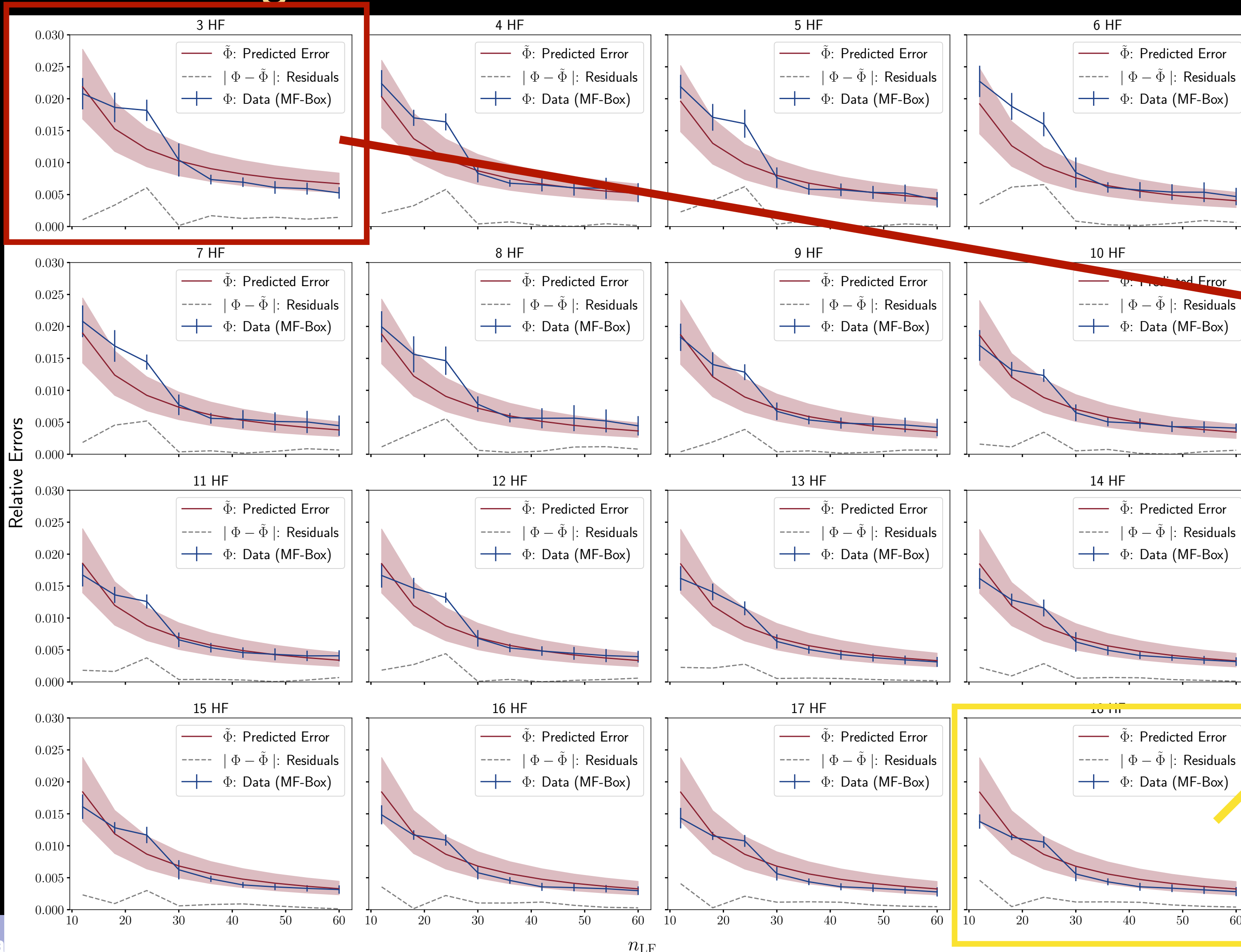
ρ : fidelity correlation

d : parameter dimension

Simply: Number of sims per node
 \propto *correctness / cost*

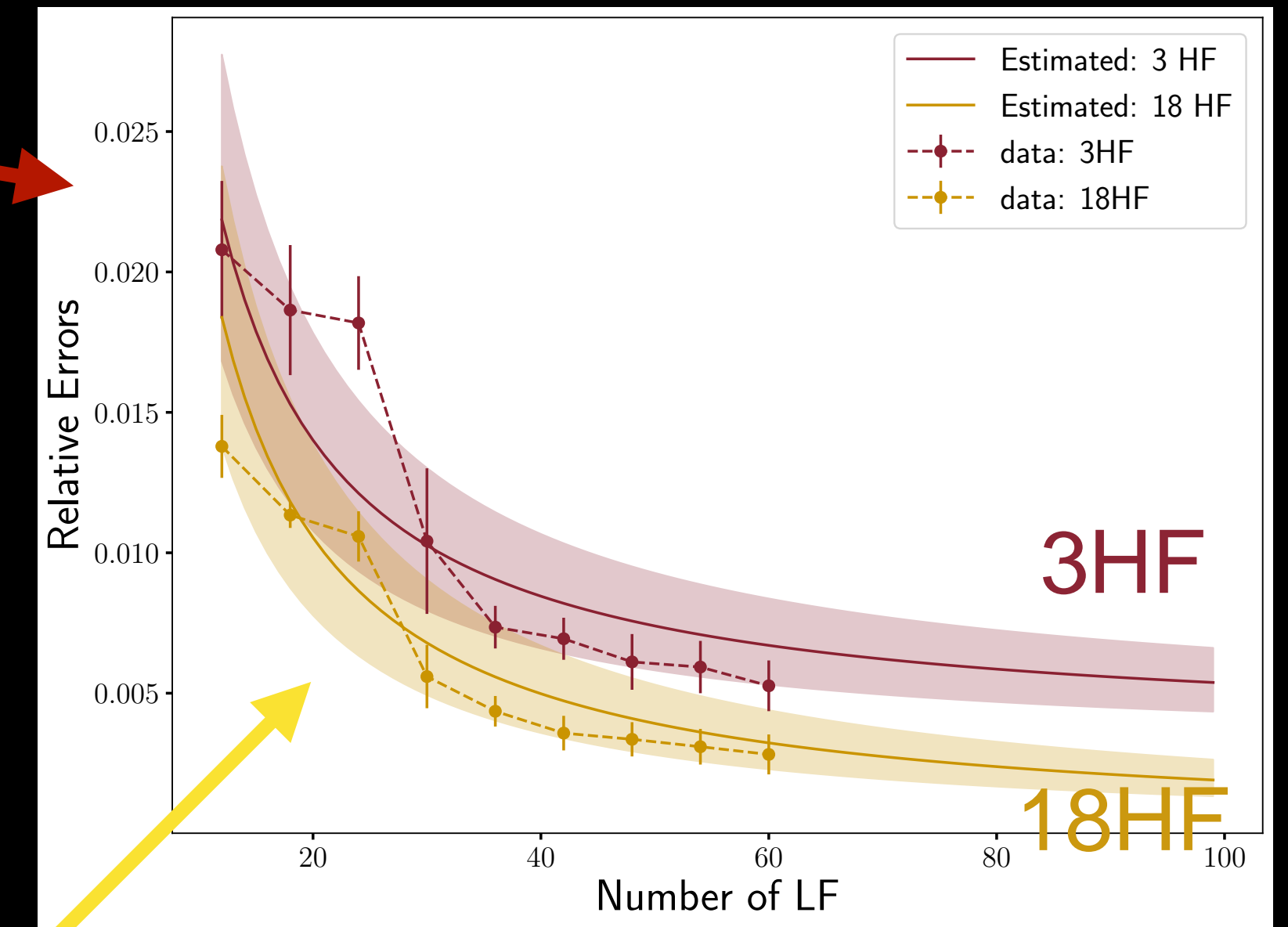
Empirical error analysis with MF-Box

Estimating errors from simulation runs



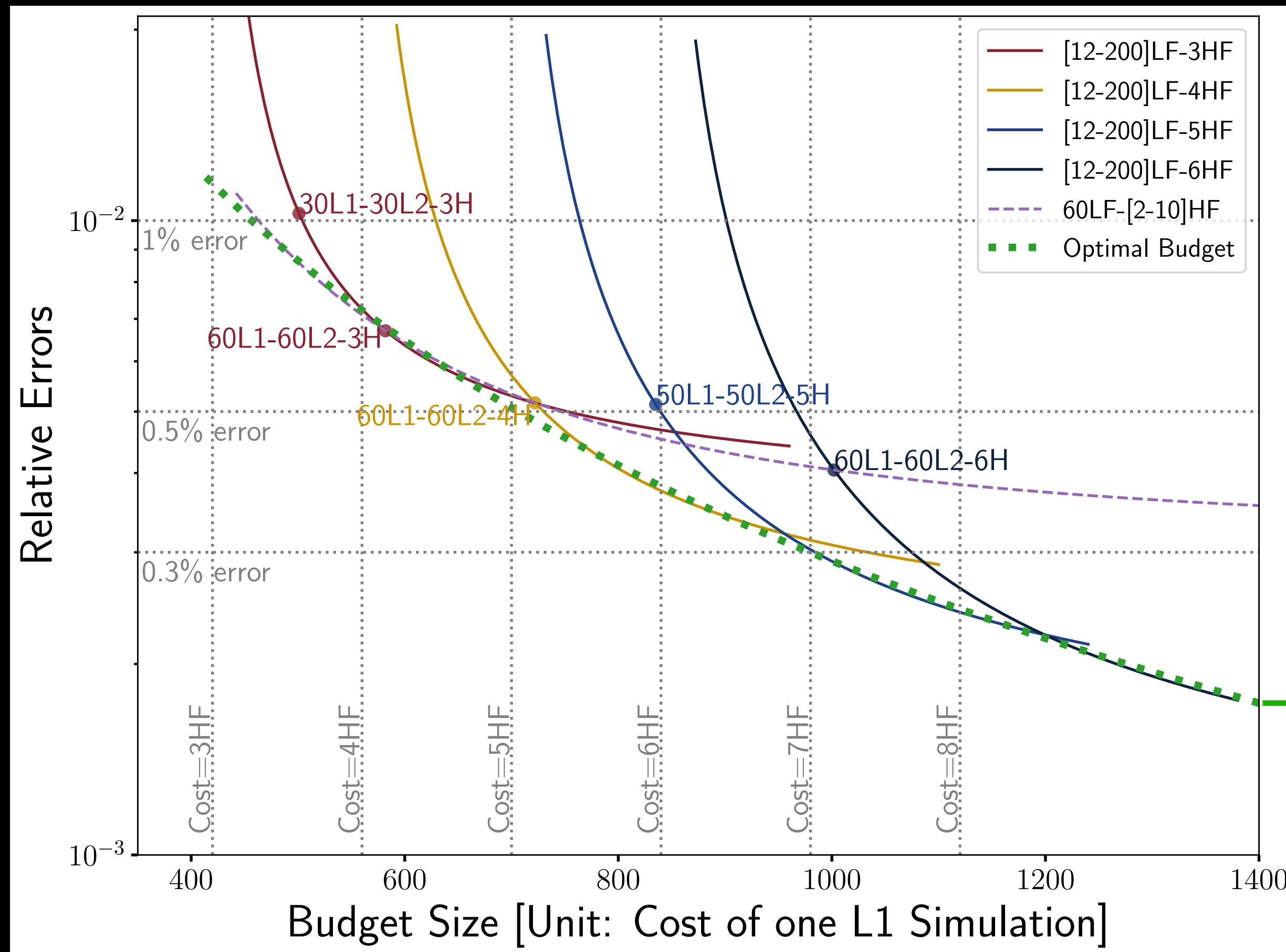
Emulator Error

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(\rho_{L1} \cdot n_{L1}^{-\frac{\nu_{L1}}{d}} + \rho_{L2} \cdot n_{L2}^{-\frac{\nu_{L2}}{d}} + n_{HF}^{-\frac{\nu_{HF}}{d}})$$



MF-Box for future budget allocation

Optimize resources for different resolution/volumes



$$n_{L1} \propto \left(\frac{\nu_{L1} \rho_{L1}}{C_{L1}} \right)^{\frac{d}{\nu_{L1} + d}}$$

$$n_{L2} \propto \left(\frac{\nu_{L2} \rho_{L2}}{C_{L2}} \right)^{\frac{d}{\nu_{L2} + d}}$$

$$n_{HF} \propto \left(\frac{\nu_{HF}}{C_{HF}} \right)^{\frac{d}{\nu_{HF} + d}} .$$

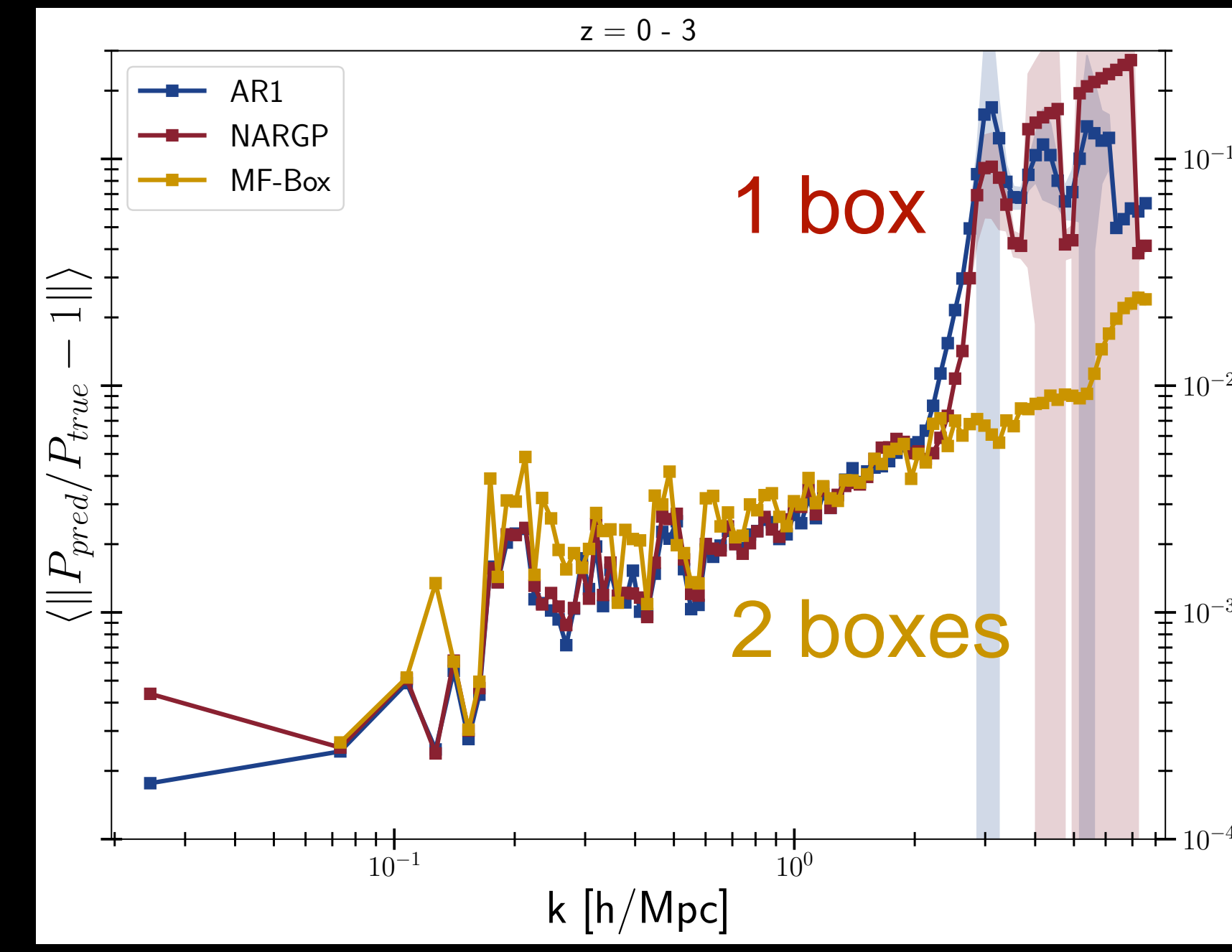
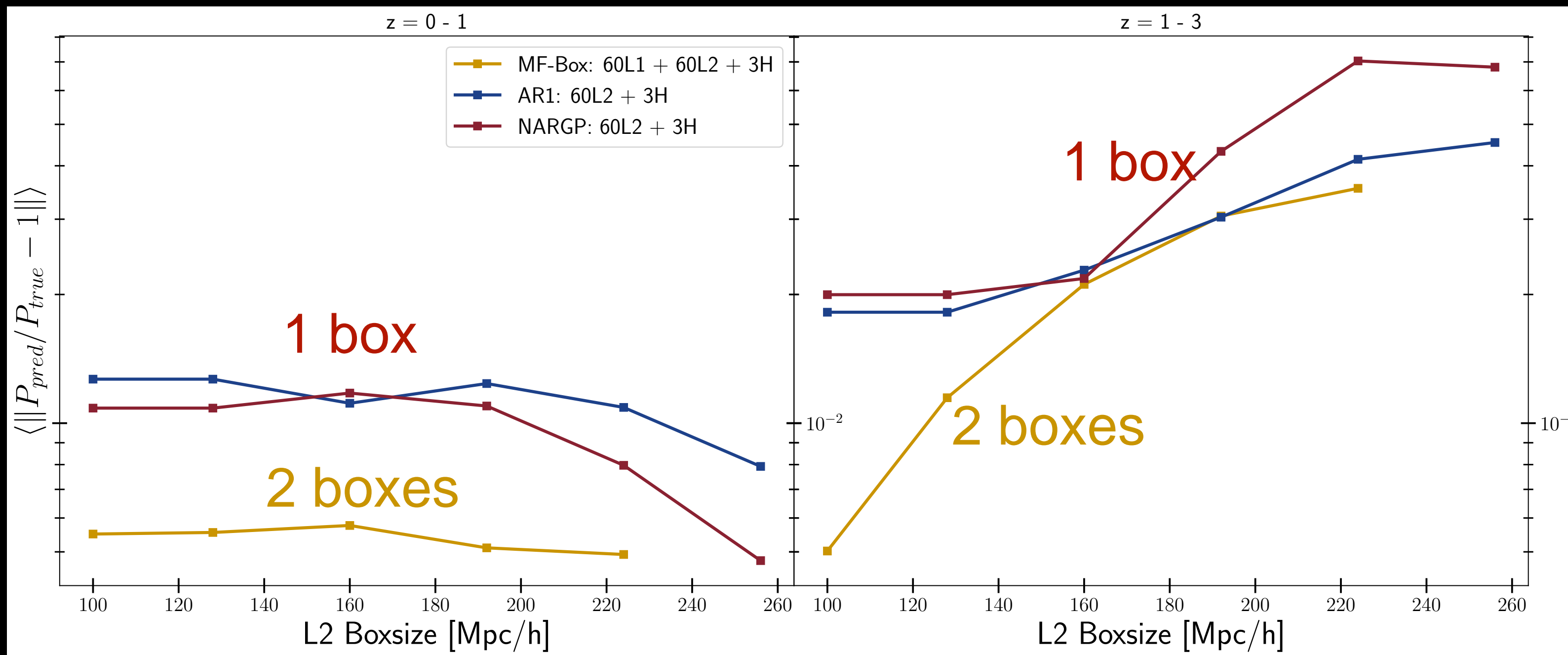
MF-Box's performance in combining scales

Enhancing small scales with smaller boxes

Low-z

high-z

all-z

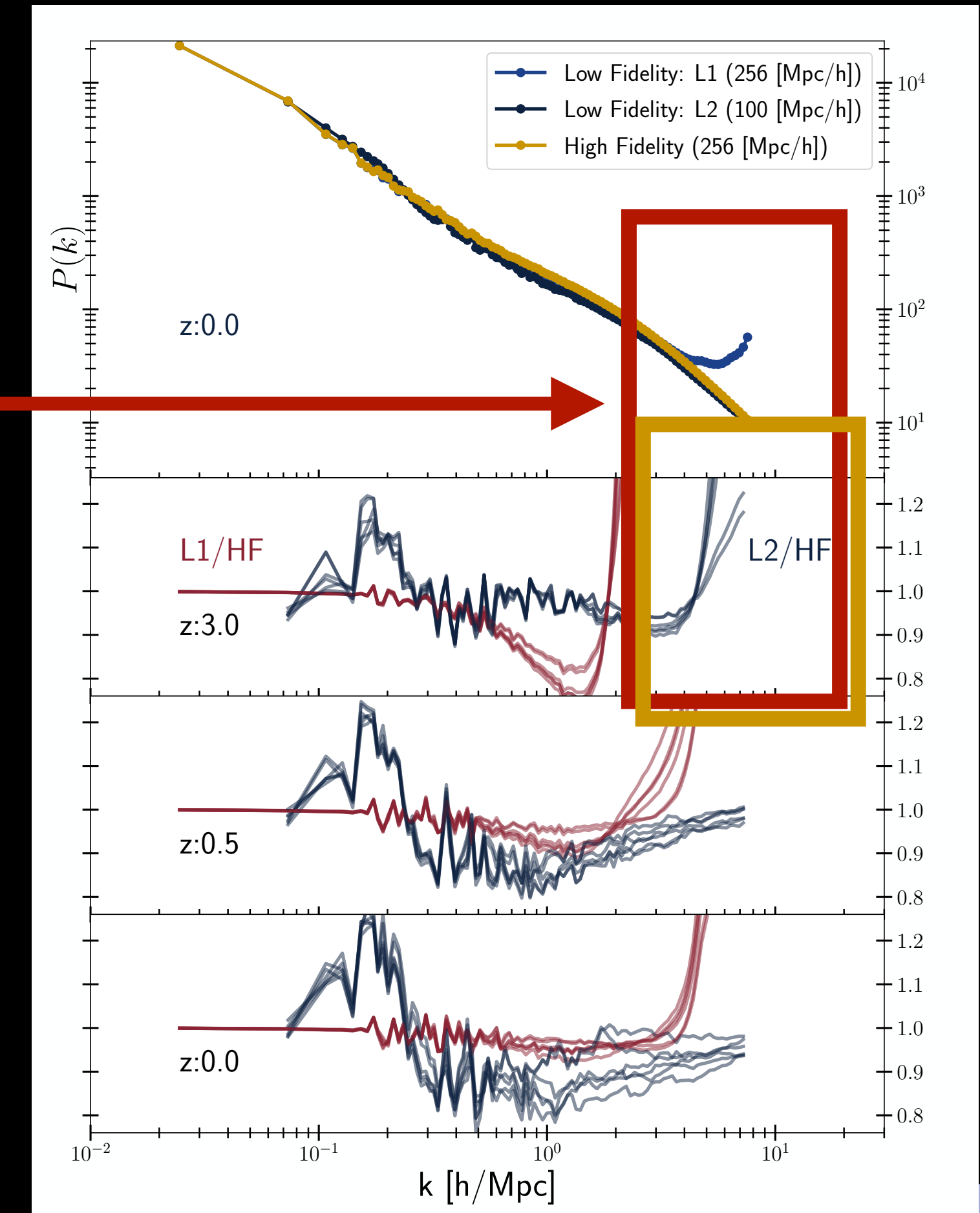
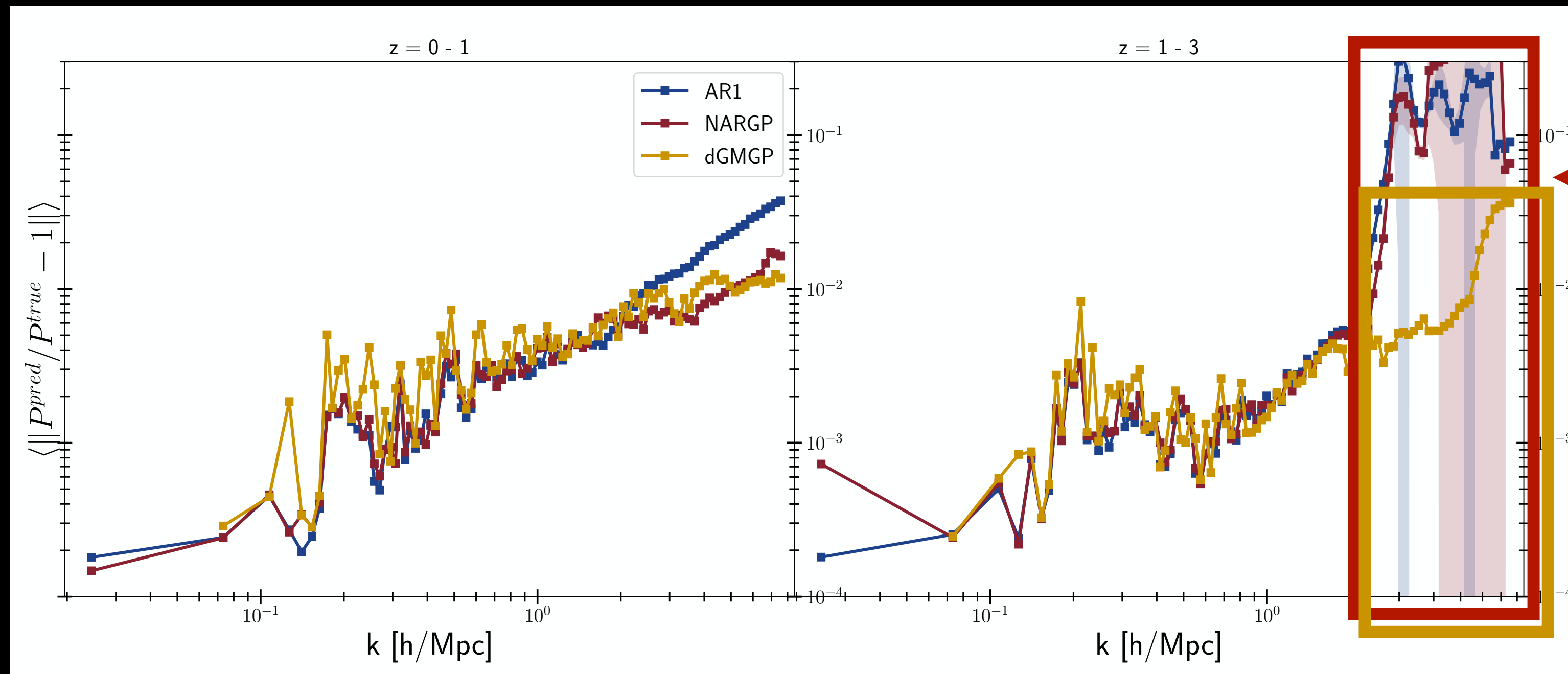


small ← large volume

small ← large volume

Leverage accurate information from L2

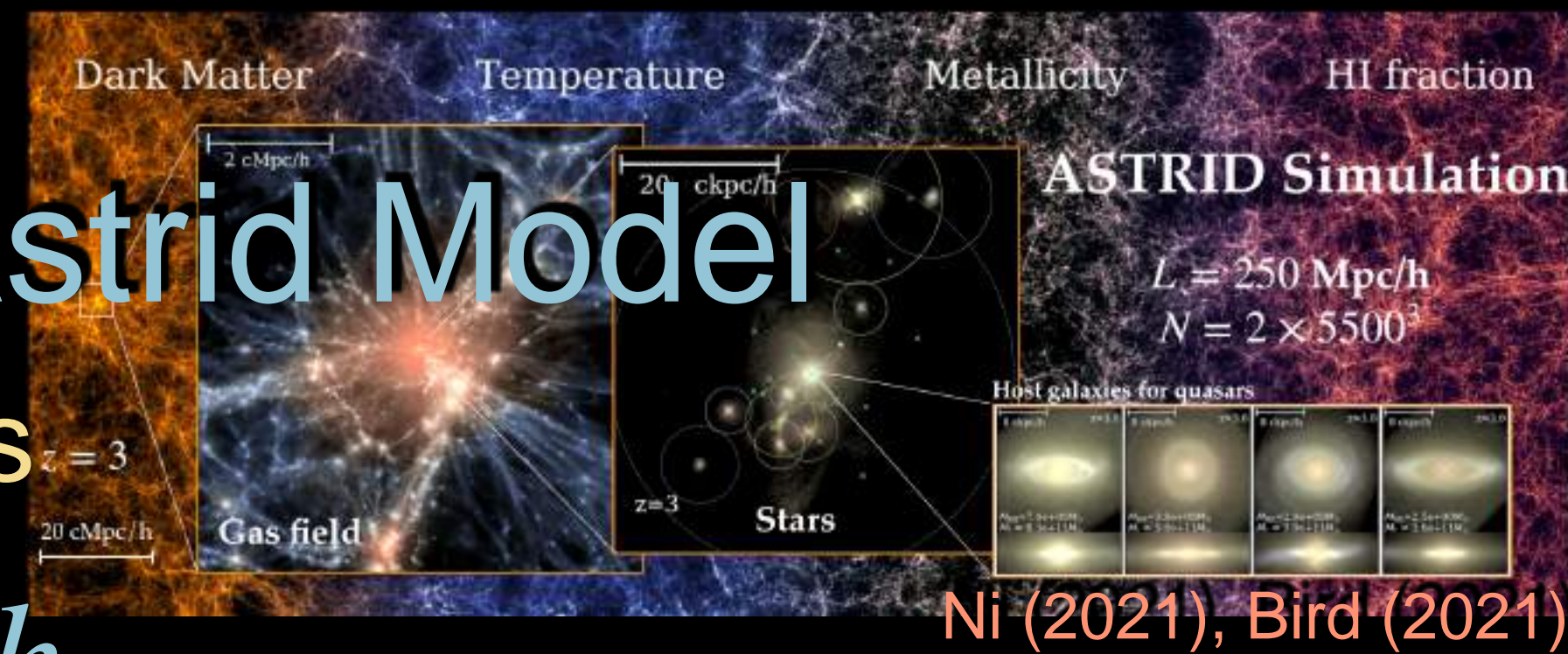
Selecting optimal information and canceling systematics



Shared systematics cannot be eliminated,
but non-shared ones can be canceled

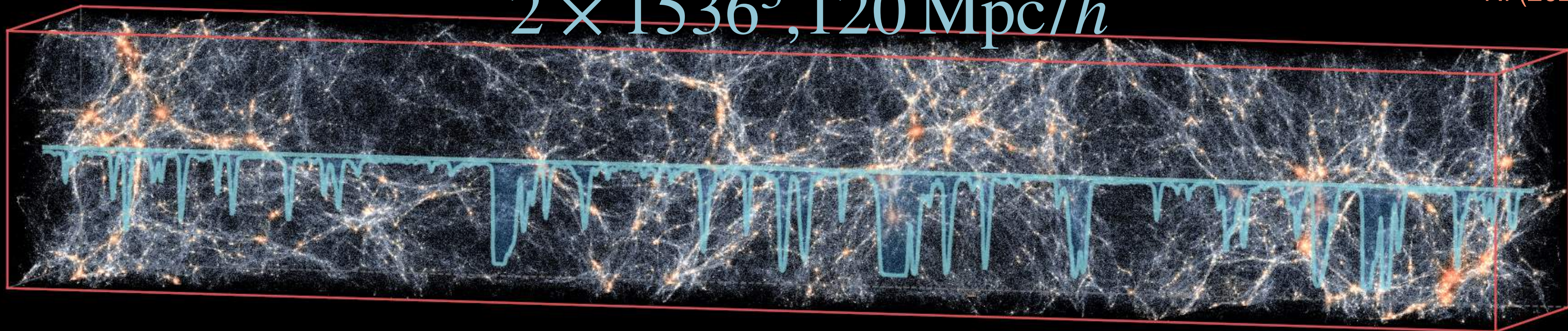
PRIYA: New Lya Simulations from Astrid Model

Multi-fidelity method for galaxy formation simulations



$2 \times 1536^3, 120 \text{ Mpc}/h$

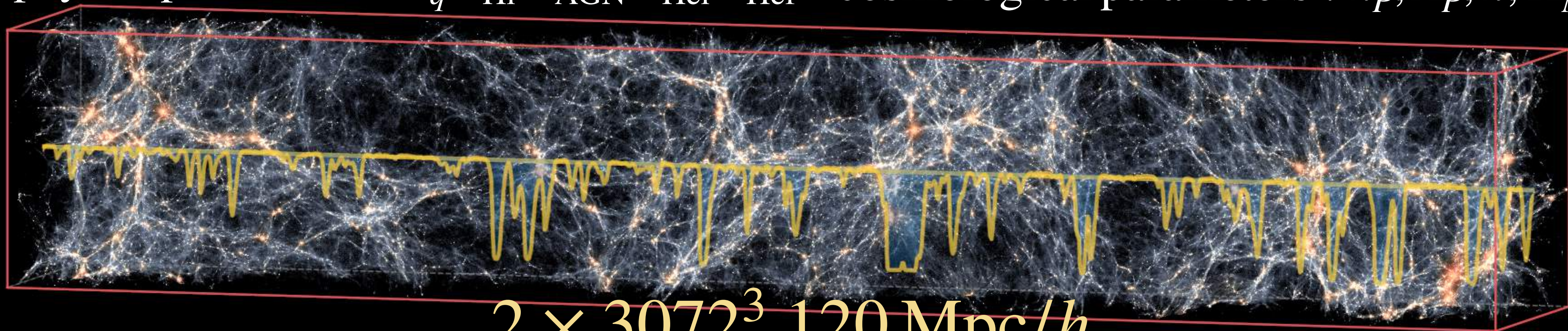
LR



$\times 48$

astrophysics parameters : $\alpha_q, z_{\text{HI}}, \epsilon_{\text{AGN}}, z_{\text{HeI}}, z_{\text{HeII}}$ cosmological parameters : $n_p, A_p, h, \Omega_M h^2$

HR



$\times 3$

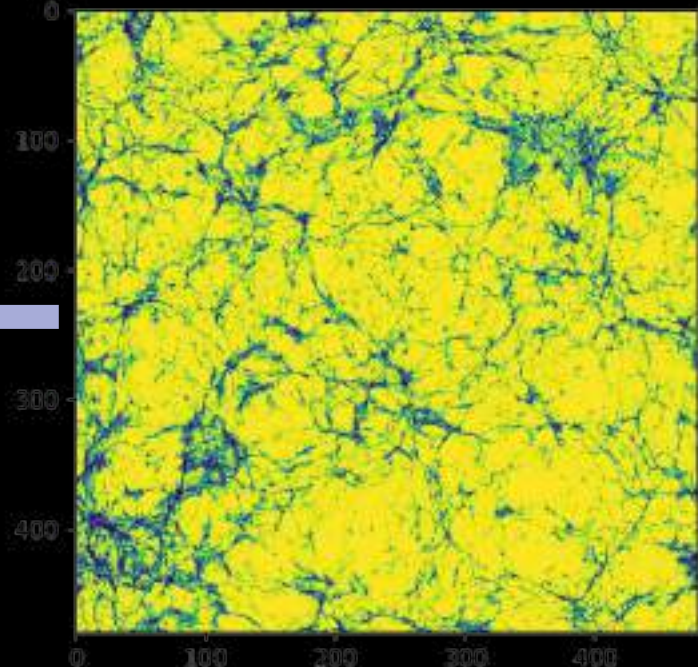
$2 \times 3072^3, 120 \text{ Mpc}/h$

PRIYA: New *Ly α* Simulations with realistic DLAs

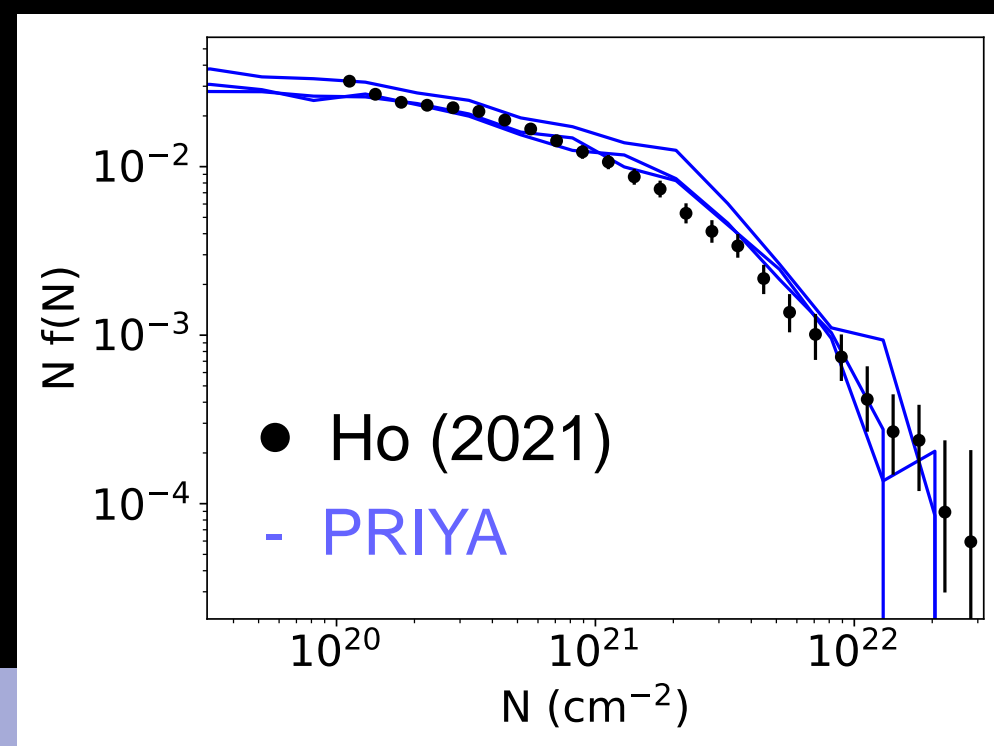
Mock *Ly α* observations with realistic damped Lyman- α absorber population

- 480 x 480 x 3 very dense sightlines in grids to beat down the noise:

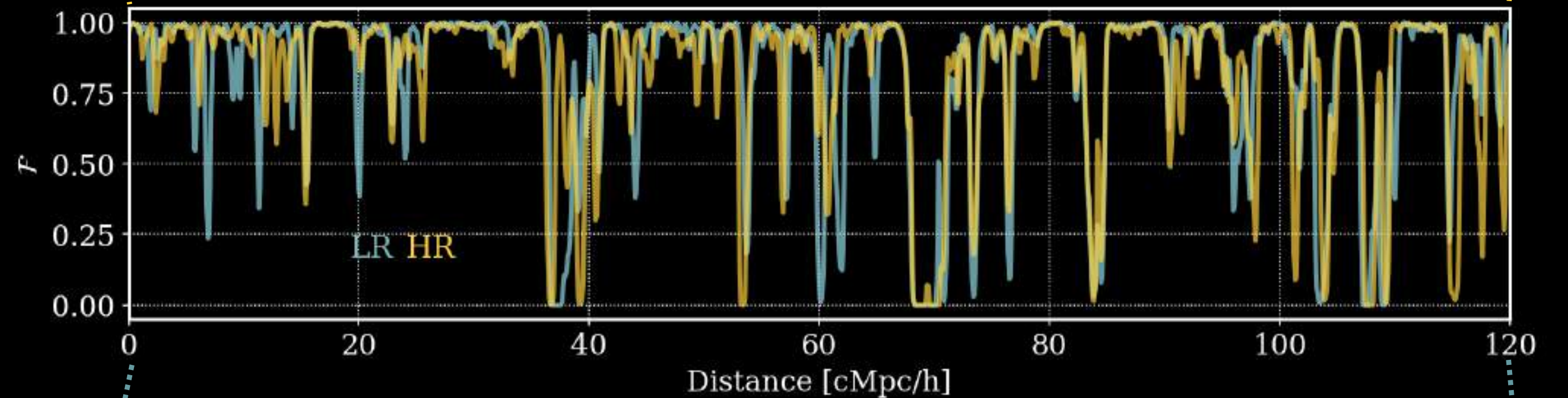
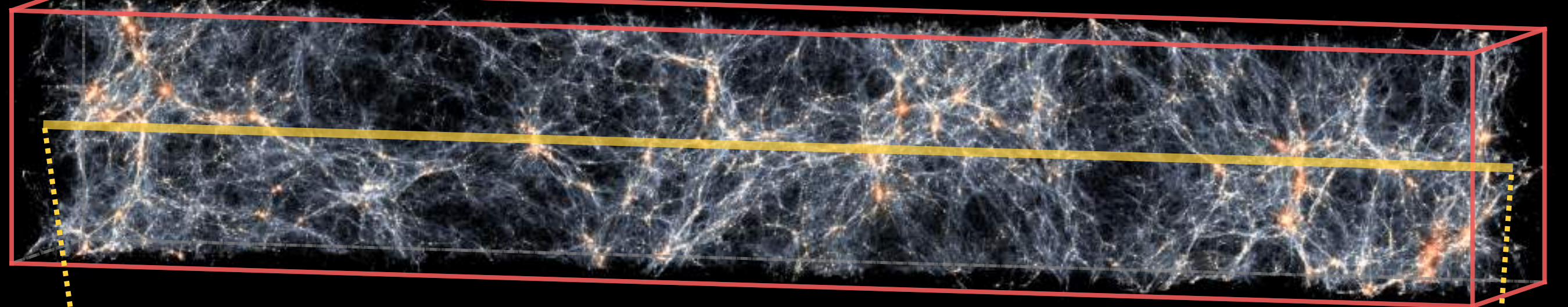
Directly plot *Ly α* absorptions in 2D. Lots of skewers!



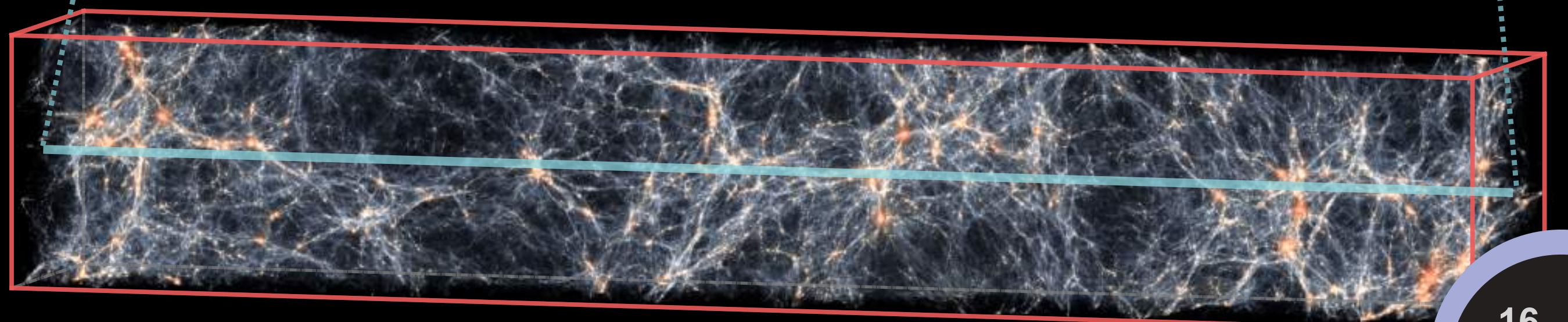
- Realistic population of *DLAs* (known contamination of 1D flux), match SDSS DR16's CDDF (Ho 2021):



HR



LR

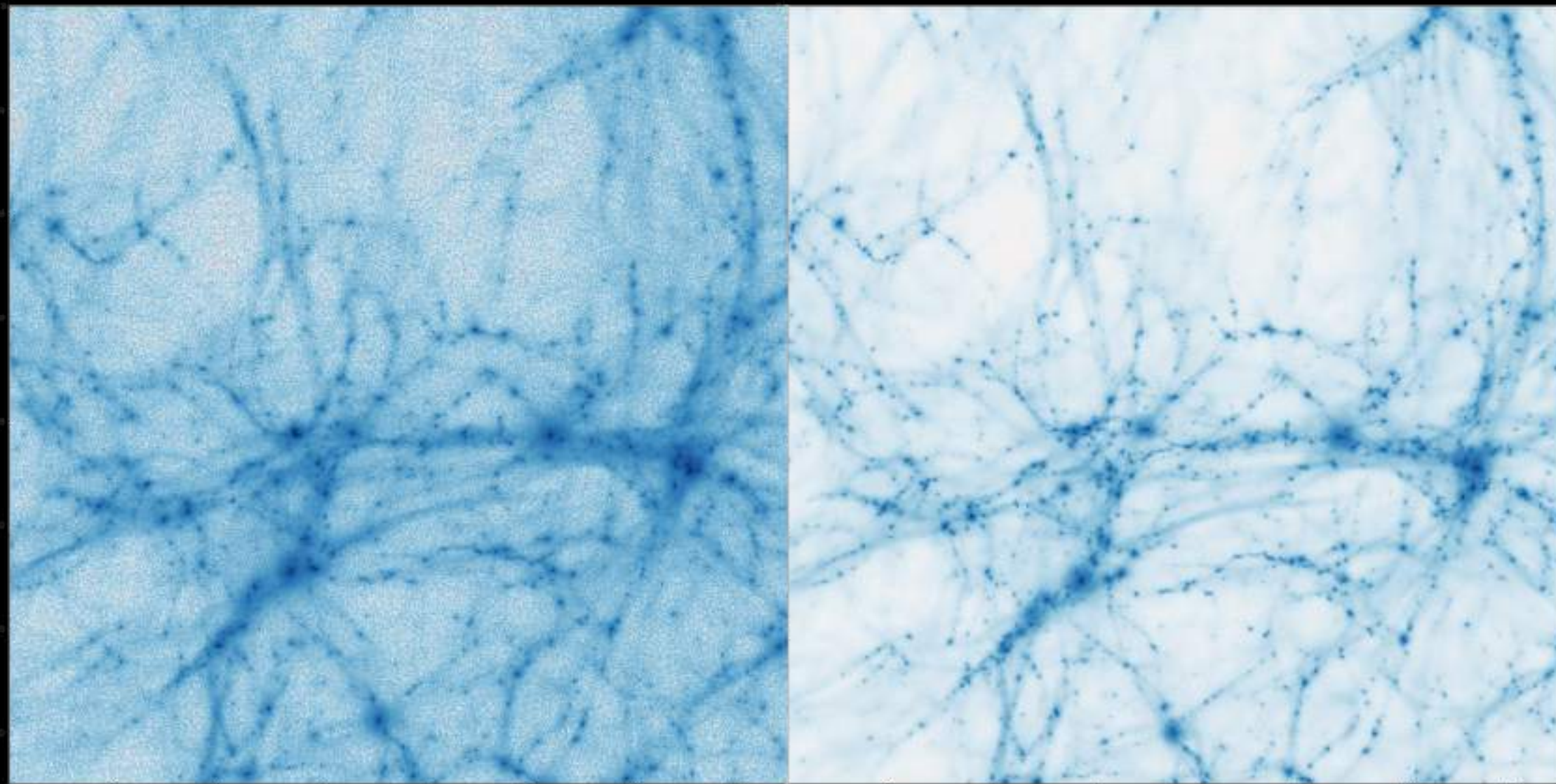


Subtle differences at small scales

A small volume comparison

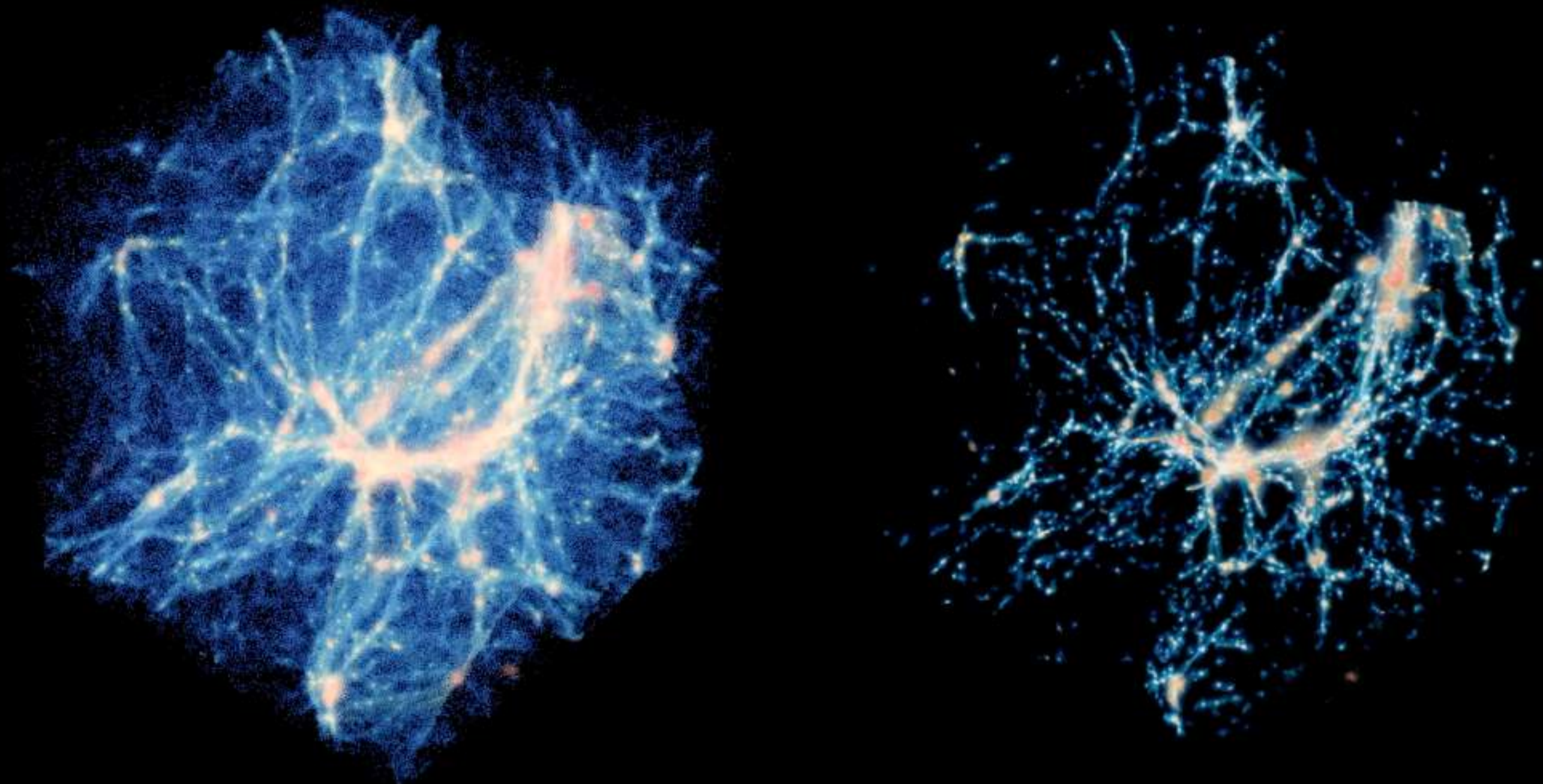
LF

HF



10 cMpc/h

10 cMpc/h

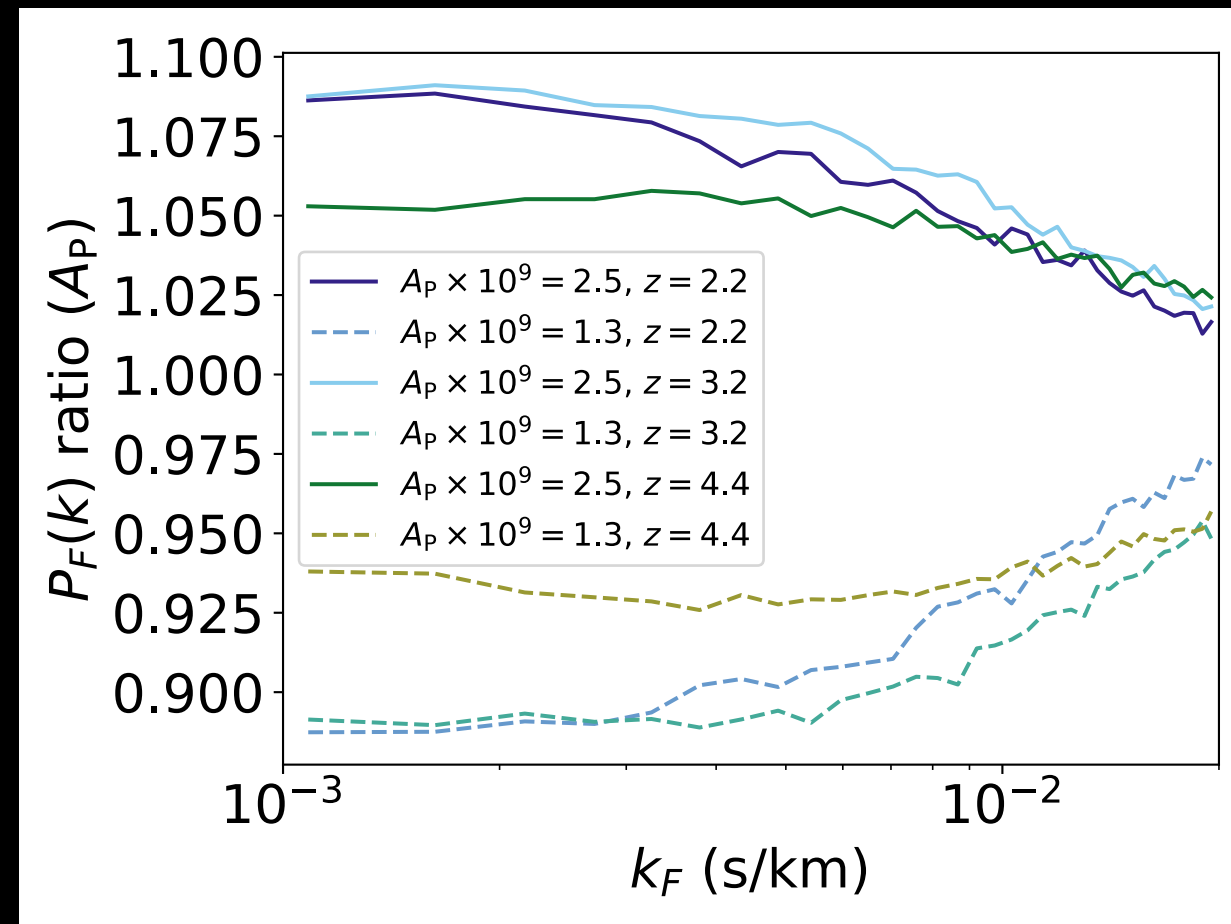


- Multi-fidelity method (without MF-Box) corrects the resolution up to 1% on 1D flux $P(\theta)$ (Bird 2023, [arXiv:2306.05471](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.05471))

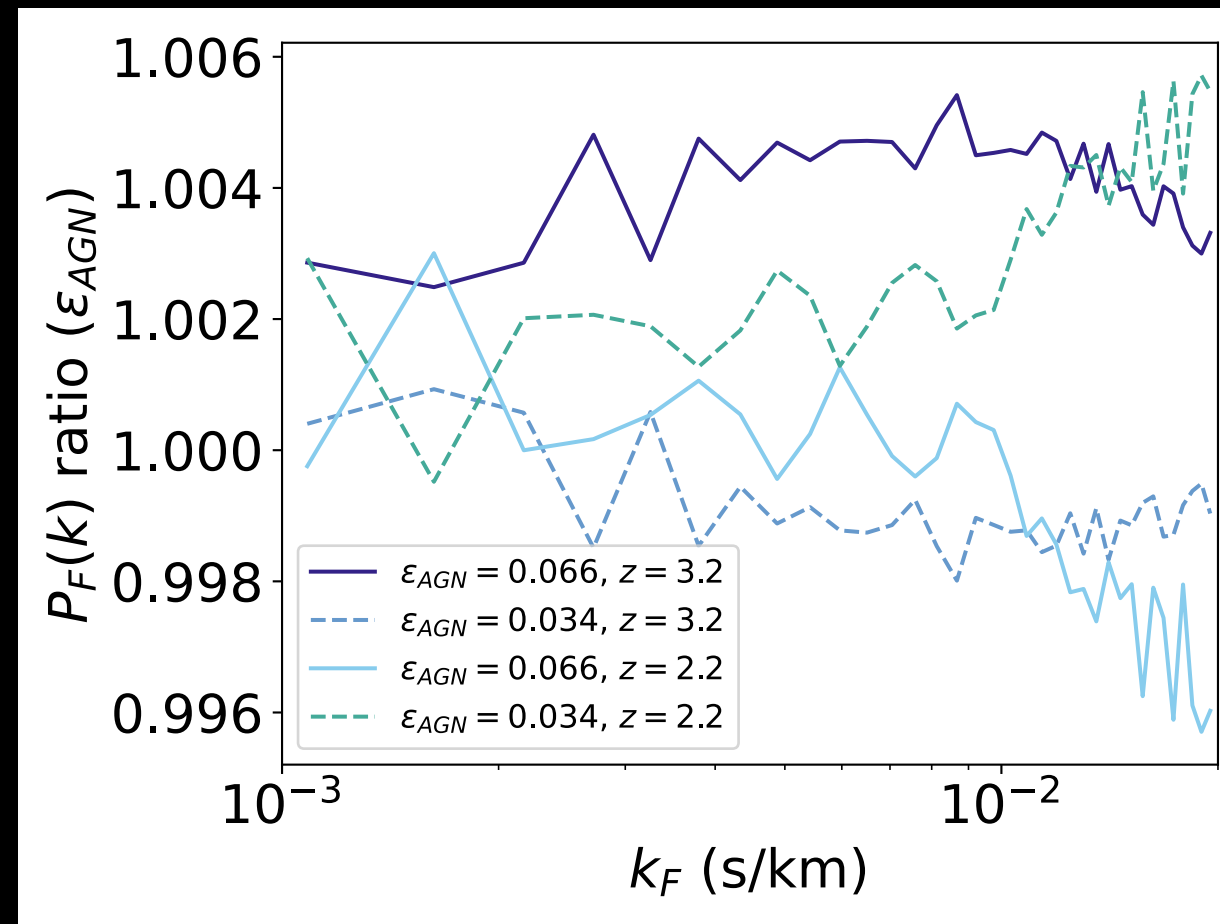
Predicted 1D flux $P(\theta)$ from MFE emulator

Include variations of astrophysical feedback/reionization parameters

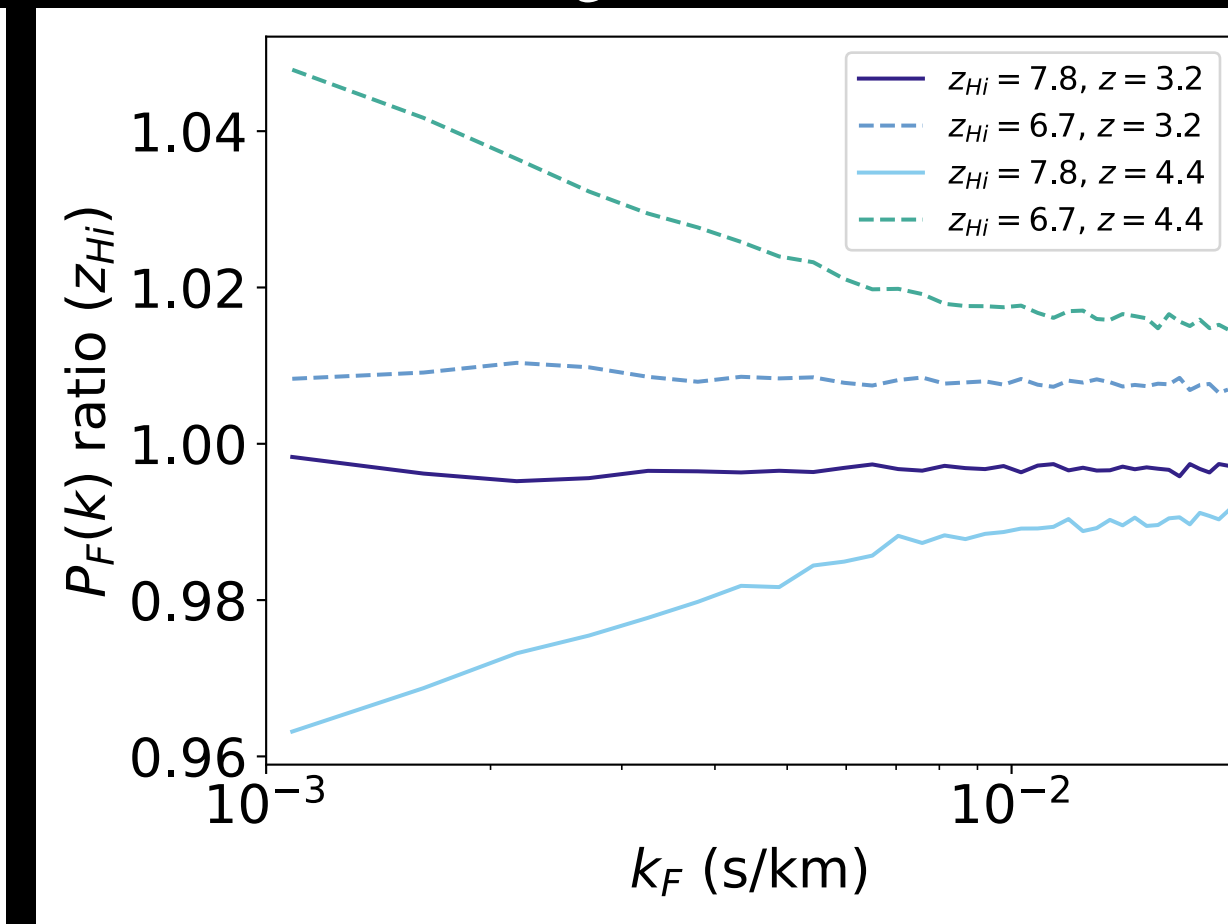
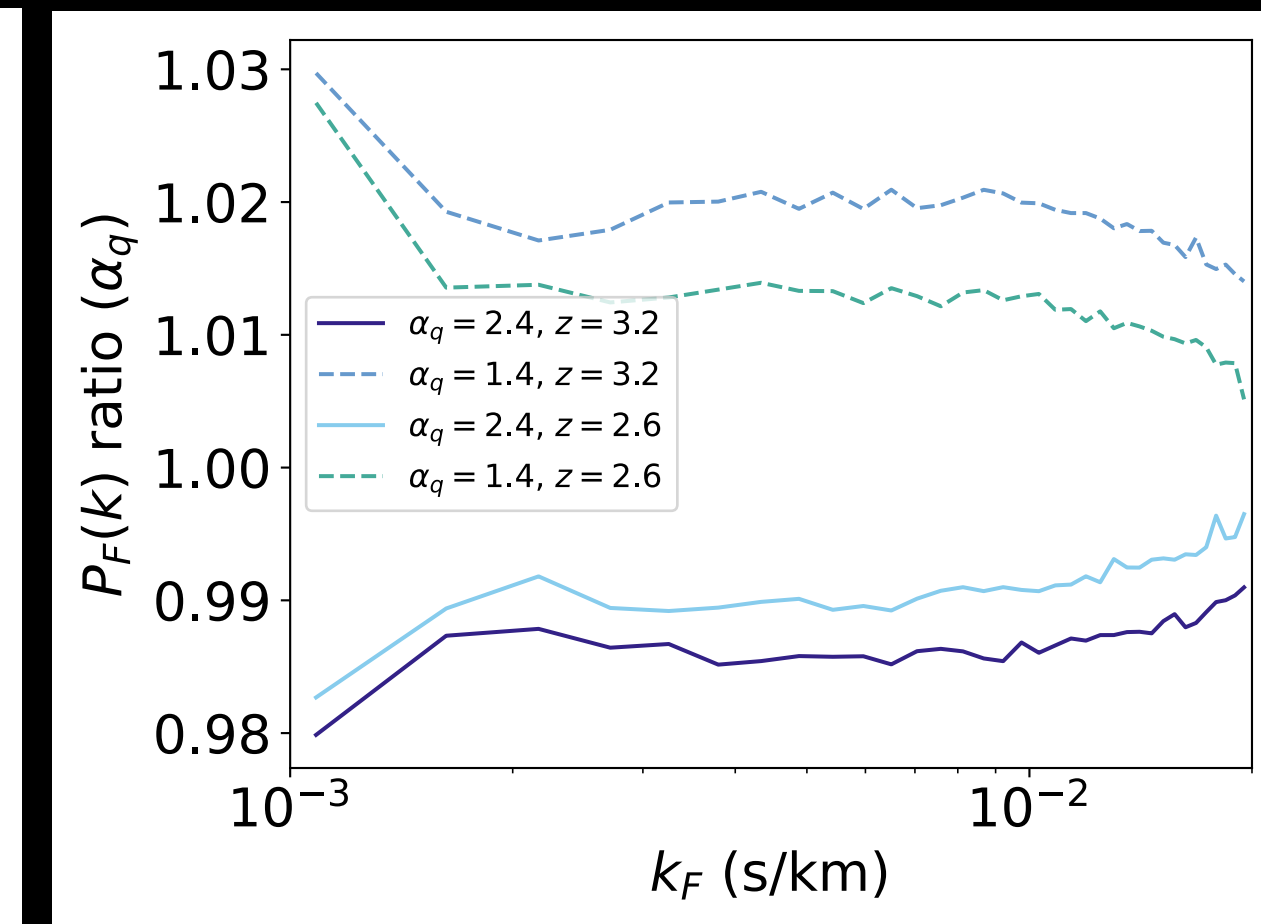
AGN Feedback
(Ni (2022))



HI Patchy Reionization
(Battaglia (2013))



Inhomogeneous HeII Reionization
(Upton Sanderbeck & Bird (2020))



$$P(k) = A_P \left(\frac{k}{0.78 \text{ h/Mpc}} \right)^{n_P-1}$$

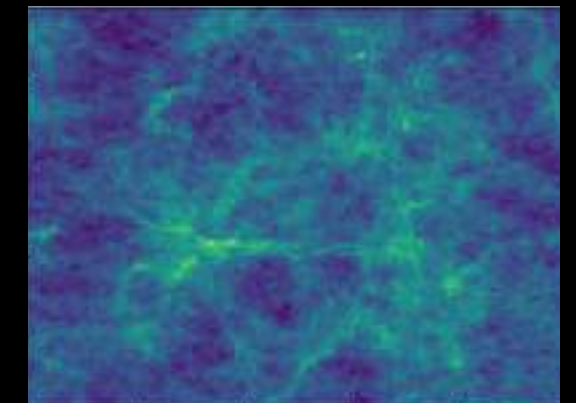
$$\dot{M}_{\text{BH}} = \frac{4\pi\alpha G^2 M_{\text{BH}}^2 \rho}{(c_s^2 + v_{\text{rel}}^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$E_{\text{AGN}} = \frac{\epsilon_{\text{AGN}}}{10} \dot{M}_{\text{BH}} c^2$$

z_{HI} : redshift of HI reionization

α_q : Spectral index of quasar radiation field inside a bubble

IGM temperature boosted to 15,000 K,
observational constraint at $z \sim 6$ (Gaikwad 2020)



- Check Simeon Bird's talk, "***New Cosmological Analysis of the eBOSS Lyman-a Forest,***" (July 6, late session) for the cosmological inference results using PRIYA simulation suite.

Conclusion

MF-Box and PRIYA emulator

- MF-Box: A multi-fidelity multi-scale tool, combining $f(\text{resolution, scale, } \theta)$ using Bayesian approach.
- MF-Box: Optimizing budget allocation, a decision tool for predicting budgets and writing proposals.
- PRIYA: A multi-resolution galaxy formation simulation suite for Ly α forest
- PRIYA: A big emulator varies astrophysical effects- AGN feedback, reionization, and cosmology
- MFEmulator/MF-Box: Expanding beyond cosmic emulation, serving as surrogates for galaxy formation simulations
- Chat with us to use MF-Box or PRIYA simulations!

MF-Box ([arXiv:2306.03144](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.03144))
PRIYA ([arXiv:2306.05471](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.05471))



Ming-Feng Ho ([jibancat.github.io](https://github.com/jibancat))
Simeon Bird ([sbird.github.io](https://github.com/sbird))
Astrid simulation code (MP-Gadget)